

SeeThrough: Finding Chairs in Heavily Occluded Indoor Scene Images

Moos Hueting University College London Pradyumna Reddy University College London Ersin Yumer Adobe Research Vladimir G.Kim Adobe Research Nathan Carr Adobe Research Niloy J.Mitra University College London



















Goal: extract 3D scene mock up from single image (focused on chairs and other highly occluded objects)

Context is Important









Global context

Local context No context

Context is Important









Global context

Local context No context













































input

stage

Keypoint estimation





Keypoint Dataset









Input image

Objectnet3D Ground truth annotation

Selecting Vertices of the overlaid CAD model

cvgl.stanford.edu/projects/objectnet3d/

Keypoint thresholding





Ground truth keypoints



Network output

After thresholding



Local maxima

Keypoint thresholding















result

Vanishing point estimation



LUCL







result

PCA template

UCL



Fit parameters





Transform parameters



Template parameters

Candidate Set











Candidate selection





Unary Costs: measure how well the key points explain the object

Pairwise Costs: Capture relationship between objects

Relative transform





Candidate selection

UCL











Results and Dataset





Results and Dataset









Real World Images SeeingChairs

lm2CAD

Ours





Real World Images SeeingChairs

Im2CAD

Ours





Real World Images SeeingChairs

Ours



	AvgMaxIoU (precision)	AvgMaxIoU (recall)	AvgMaxIoU (F1)	
3D-INN [128] + FasterRCNN [94]	0.316	0.150	0.198	
SeeingChairs [6]	0.195	0.128	0.149	
Ours	0.386	0.250	0.293	
	PercCorrect (precision)	PercCorrect (recall)	PercCorrect (F1)	
3D-INN [128] + FasterRCNN [94]	0.263	0.124	0.165	
SeeingChairs [6]	0.071	0.043	0.052	
Ours	0.298	0.167	0.207	
	PercCorrectFull (precision)	PercCorrectFull (recall)	PercCorrectFull (F1)	
3D-INN [128] + FasterRCNN [94]	0.04	0.015	0.021	
SeeingChairs [6]	0.013	0.007	0.009	
Ours	0.285	0.161	0.198	
	AvgMax2DIoU (precision)	AvgMax2DIoU (recall)	AvgMax2DIoU (F1)	AngleDiff (in degrees)
3D-INN [128] + FasterRCNN [94]	0.526	0.336	0.401	55.8
SeeingChairs [6]	0.372	0.325	0.341	11.4
Ours	0.628	0.470	0.525	7.3



Goal: extract 3D scene mock up from single image (focused on chairs and other highly occluded objects)

Main insight: cases with significant occlusion can be improved by using high-level contextual knowledge about how scenes "work"

Main result: resulting scene mock ups significantly better than combinations of state-of-the-art methods which are reliant on object detection algorithms.



- •First, we plan to extend the evaluation to more classes of objects beyond those considered.
- •Second, one can explore higher fidelity models to better recover fine scale features in the recovered models.
- •Finally, we would like to explore templates that can express a broader understanding of the multi-object spatial relationships including symmetry and regularity.

Acknowledgement

This work is in part supported by the Microsoft PhD fellowship program, and ERC Starting Grant SmartGeometry (StG-2013-335373). Also, special thanks to Aron Monszpart, James Hennessey, Carlo Innamorati, Paul Guerrero, and other group members for invaluable help at various stages of the project.



Thank You

Code available:

geometry.cs.ucl.ac.uk/projects/2018/seethrough/paper_docs/Code_Data.zip

