



# **Dynamic SfM** Detecting Scene Changes from Image Pairs

Tuanfeng Y. Wang, University College London Pushmeet Kohli, Microsoft Research Cambridge Niloy J. Mitra, University College London



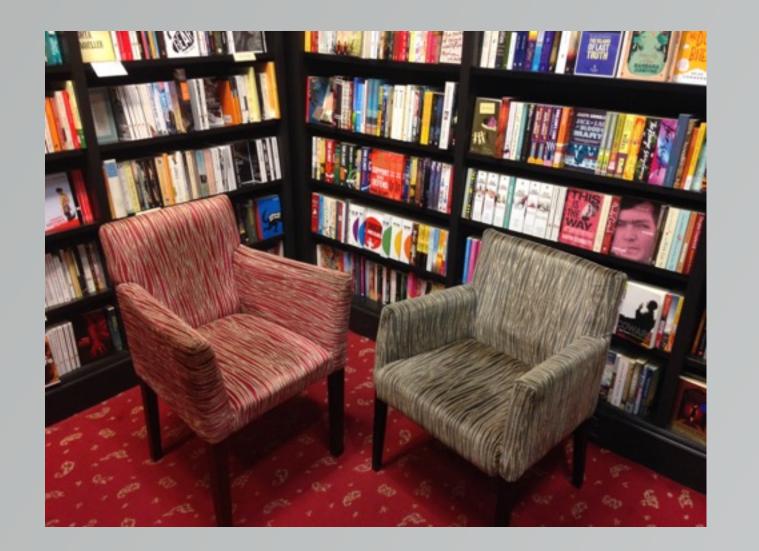






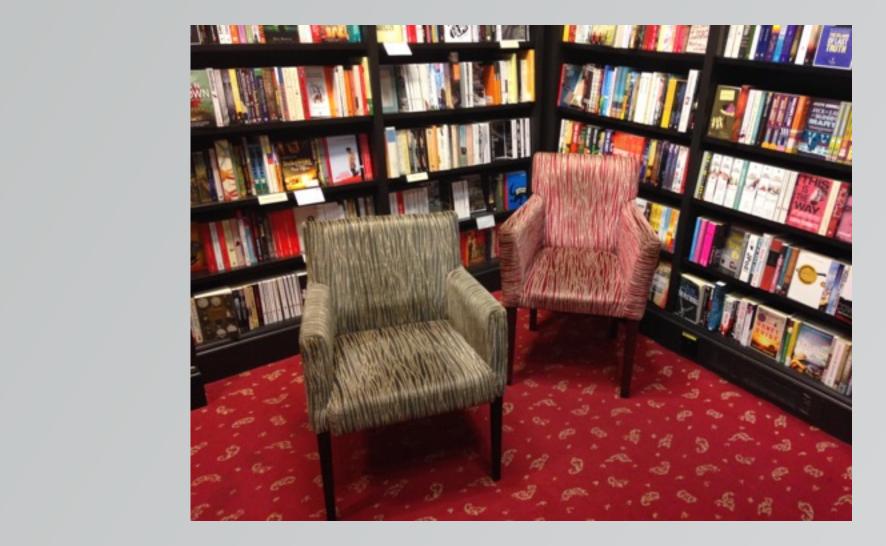






Estimate Structure and Motion from a pair of uncalibrated images

**Input:** two RGB images with the scene changed





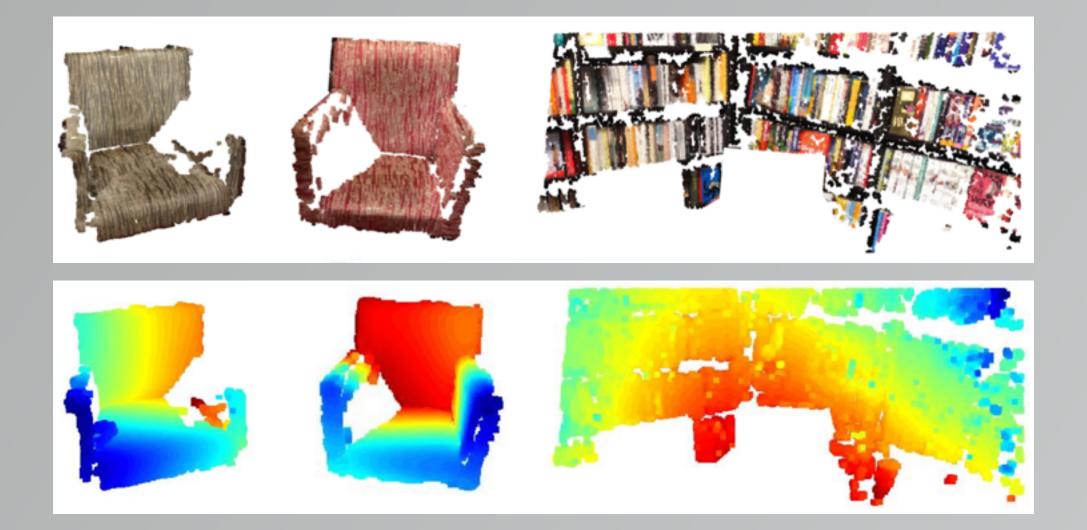
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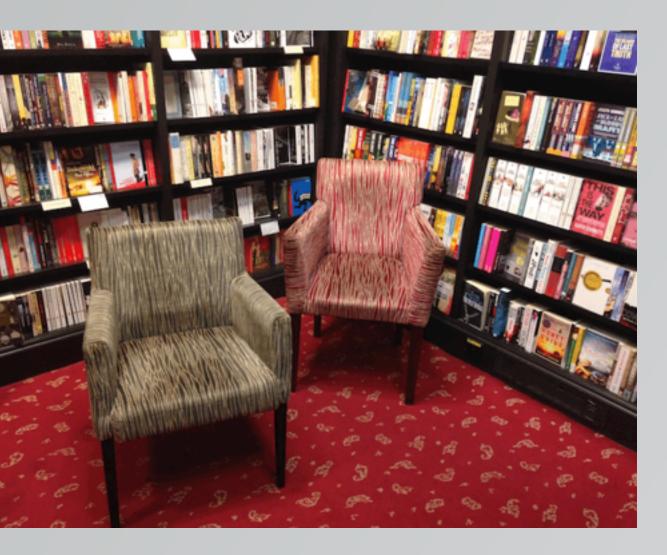
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- **Output:** structure reconstruction & motions estimation & camera parameters calibration



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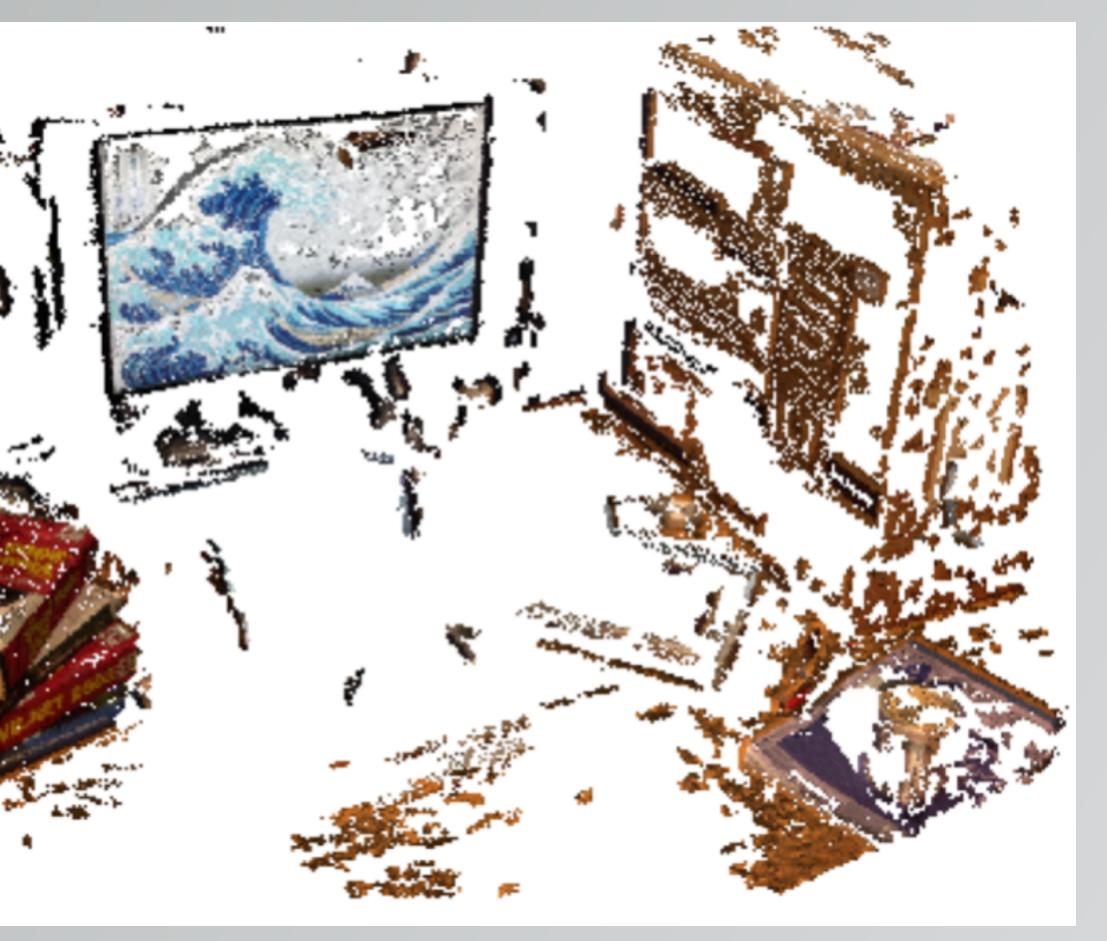




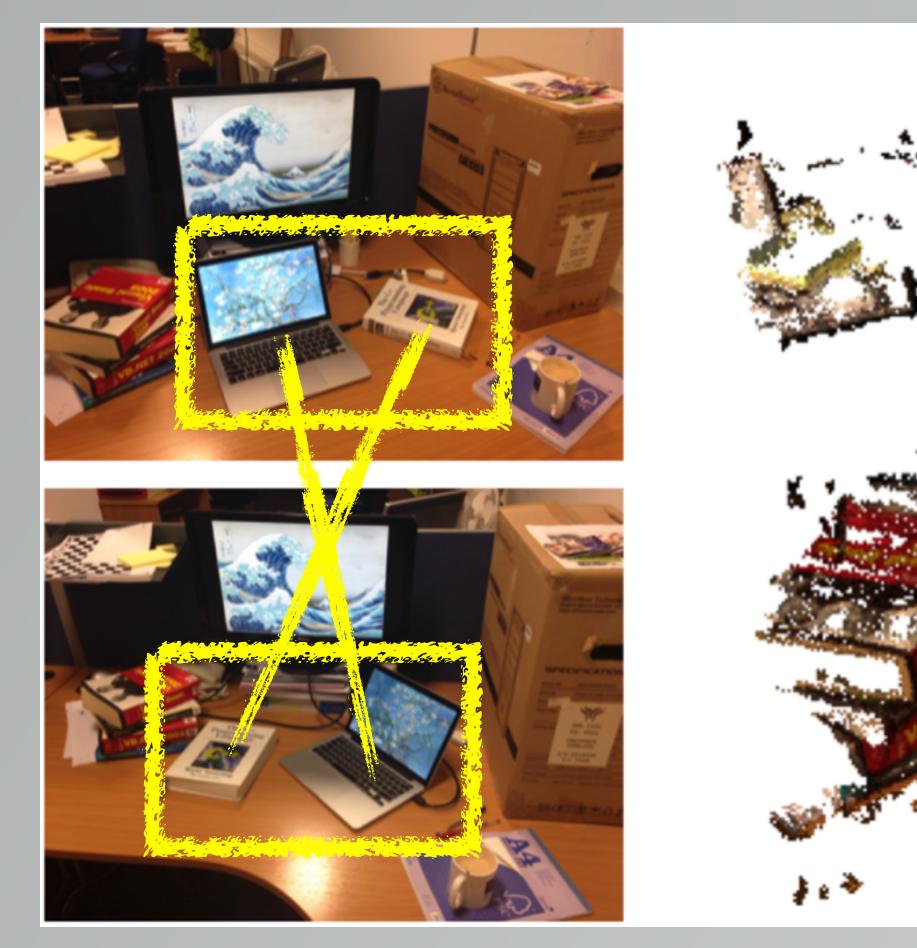


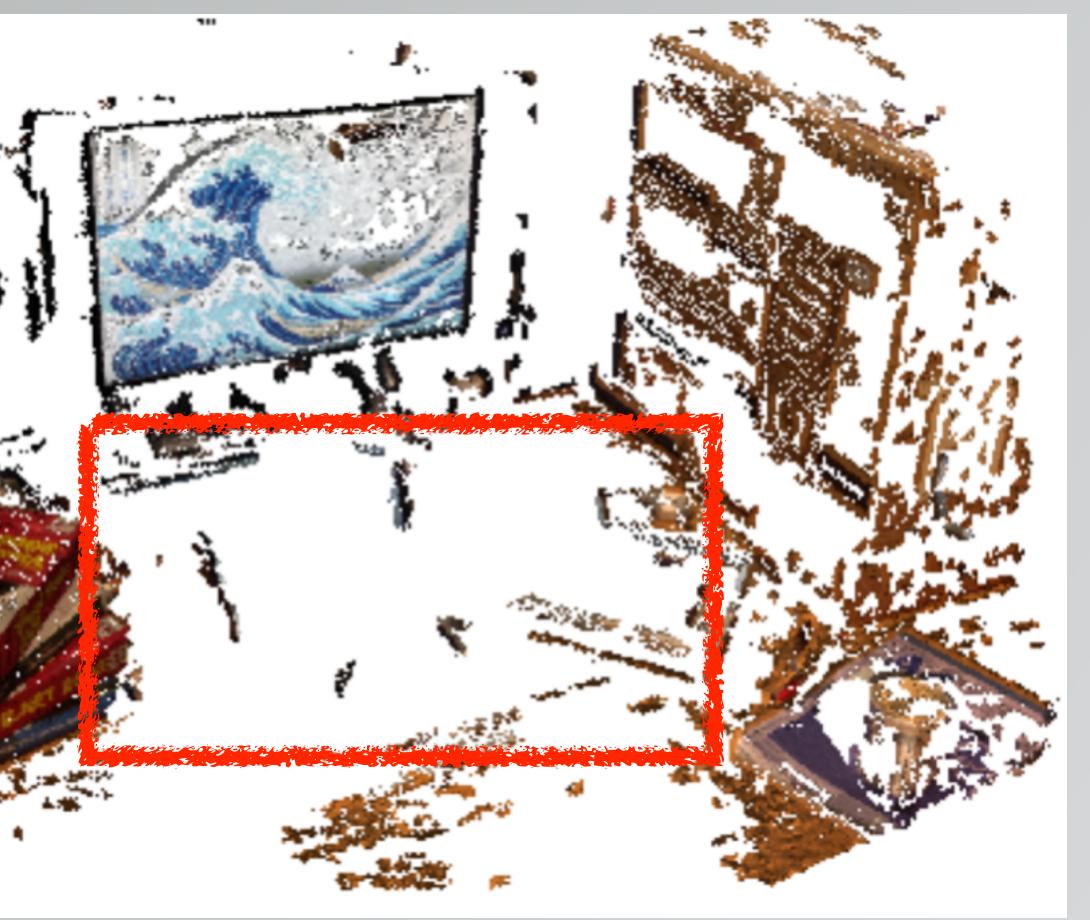
### **Direct Solution**





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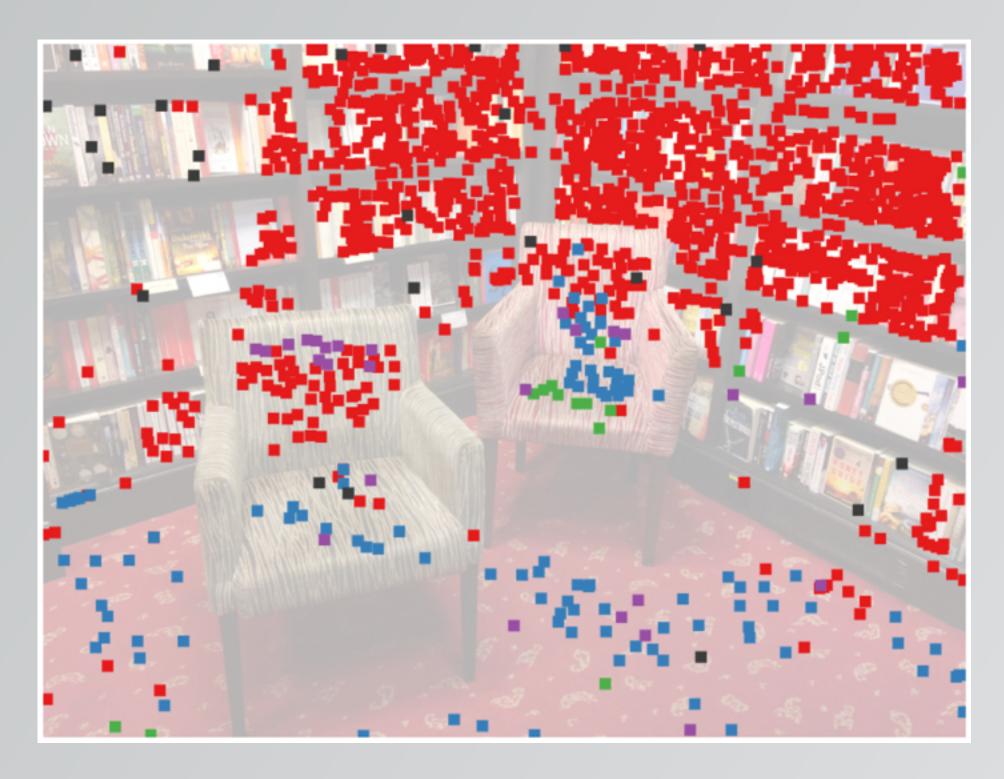


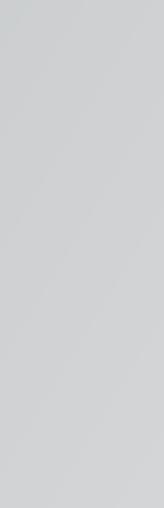


# **Combined Solution?**

- Motion Segmentation
  - GPCA [VH04, YRM06, RTVM10]
  - Video based: [OSVG10], [JPS14], [RRGA12]
  - **PEARL** [IB12, DOIB12] (state of the art)

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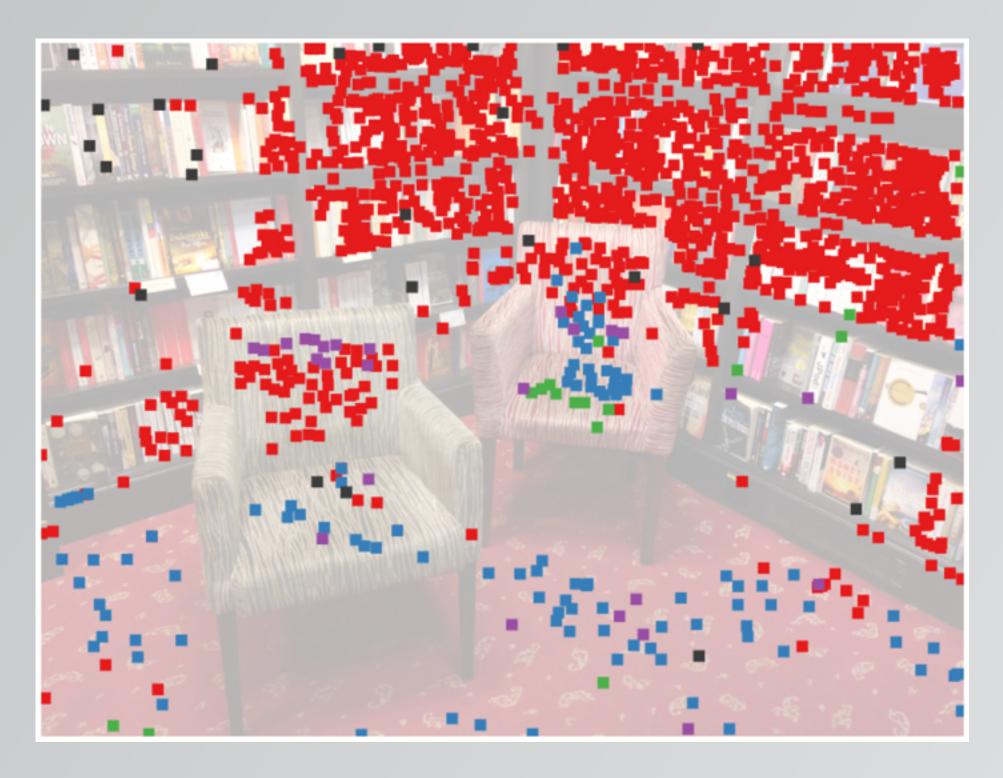


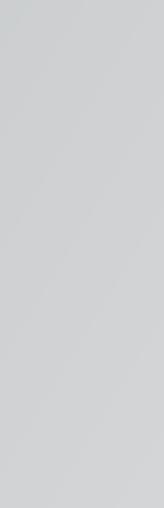


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  - Video based: [OSVG10], [JPS14], [RRGA12]
  - **PEARL** [IB12, DOIB12] (state of the art)
- Structure Estimation
  - Structure from Motion (SfM) [Wu11]
- Dense Reconstruction
  - CMVS/PMVS [FP10]
  - CMPMVS [JP11]
  - MVE [SFG14]

. . .



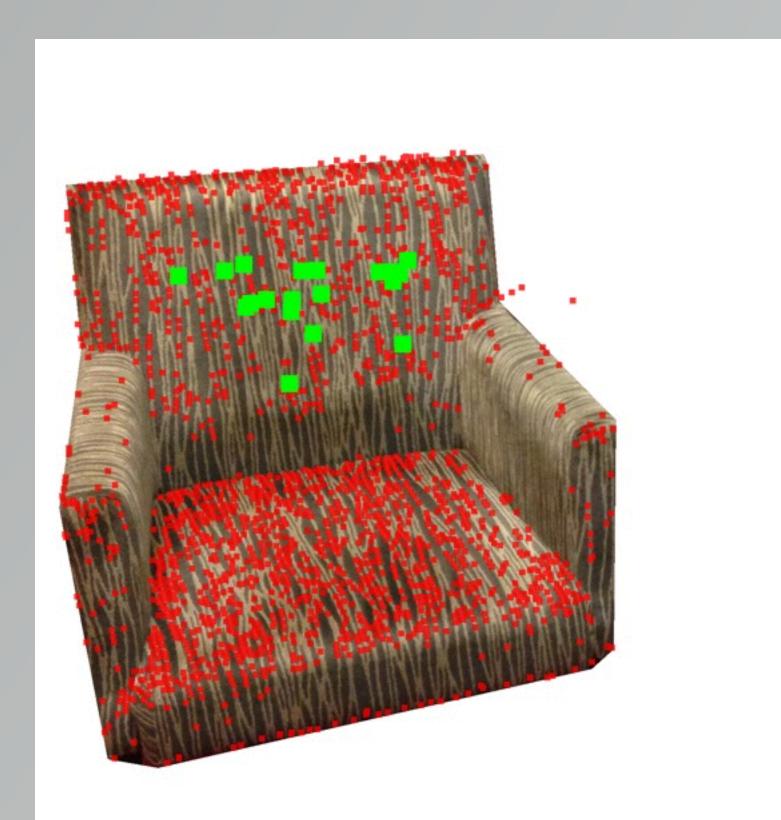


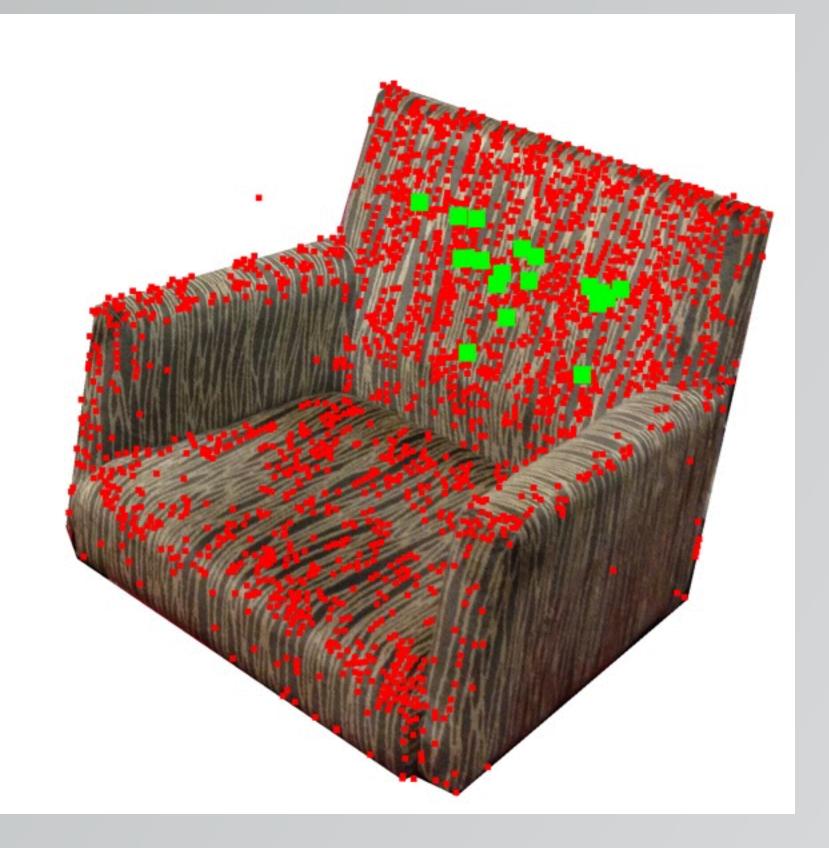


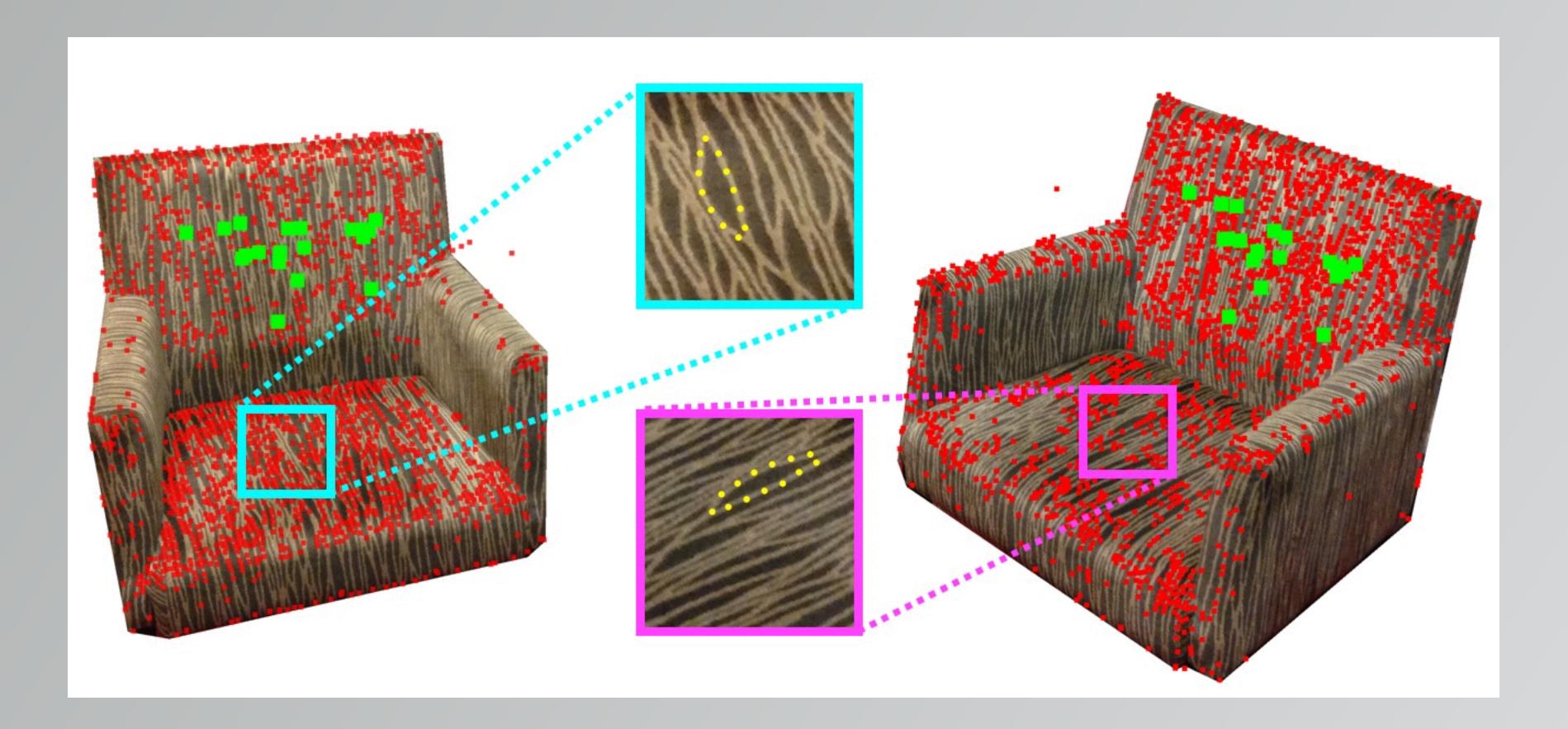






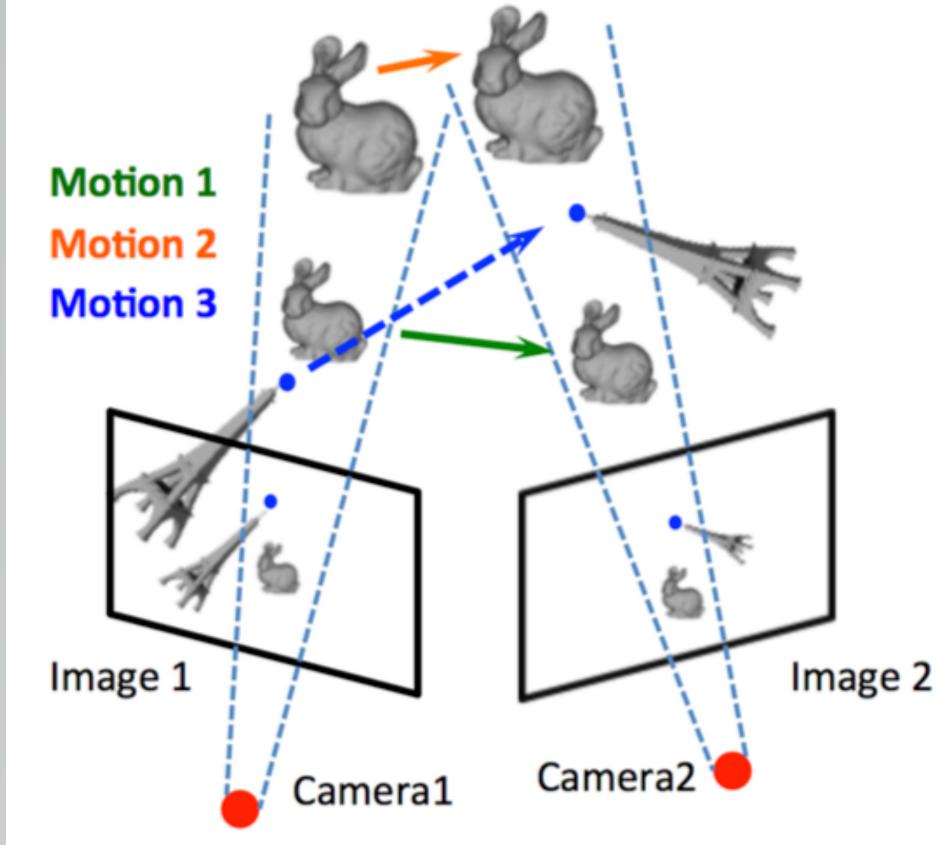






- structure via a continuous variable optimization
  - Initialize the optimization
  - two-view ambiguity

# Obtaining good quality point correspondences from only two images Simultaneously estimate camera parameters, motions, groupings and

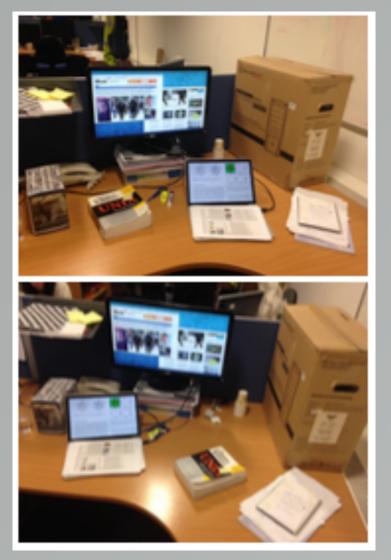




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- Generate denser 3D point cloud

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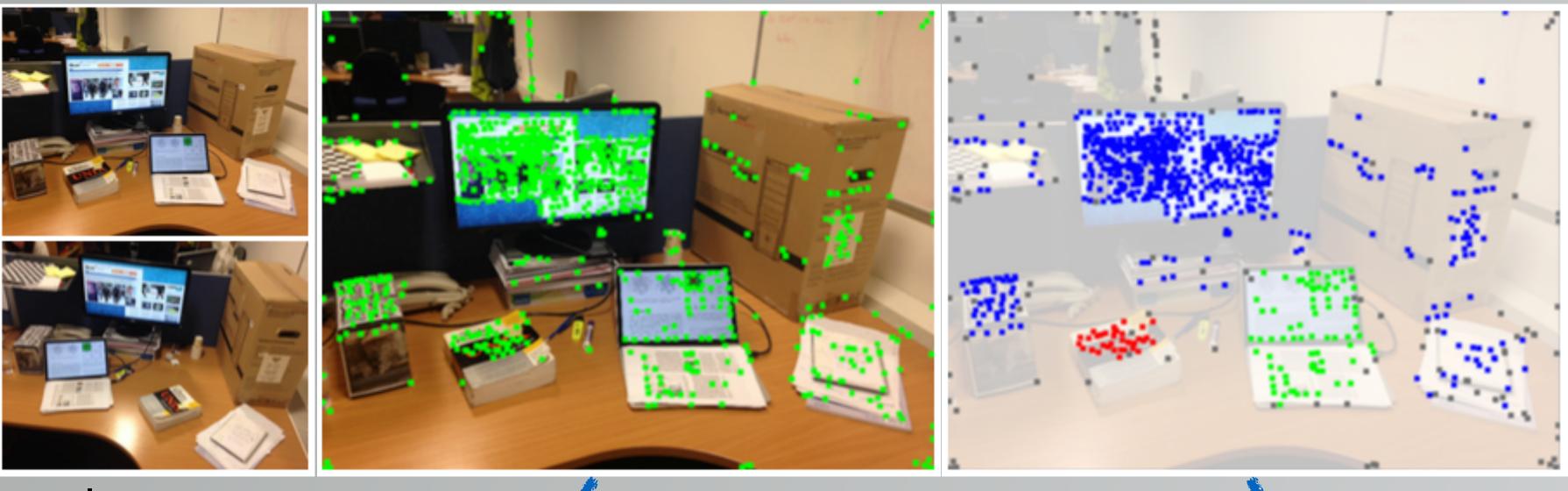


Input



Input

# Pre-boosting generate correspondence

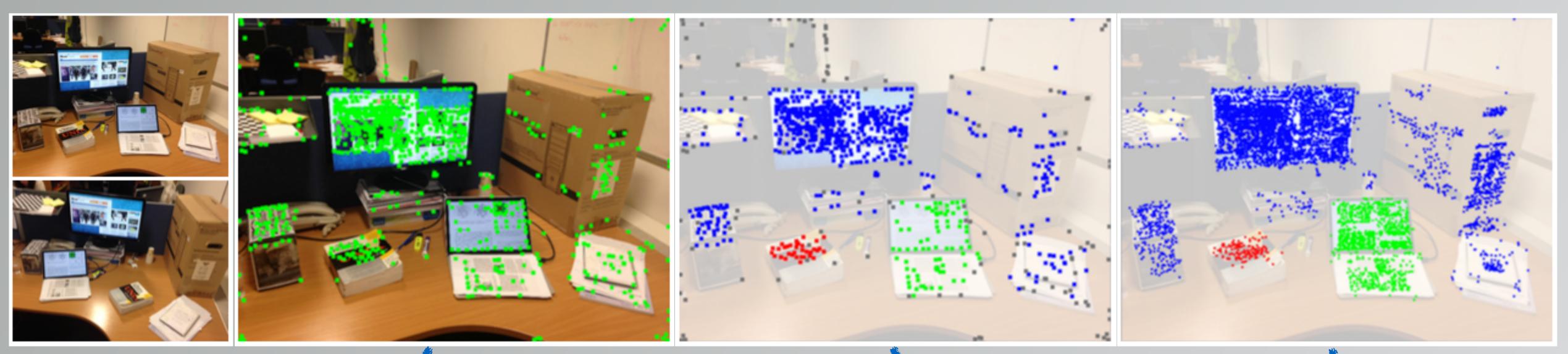


#### Input



# Pre-boosting generate correspondence

### continuous optimization correspondence grouping



#### Input

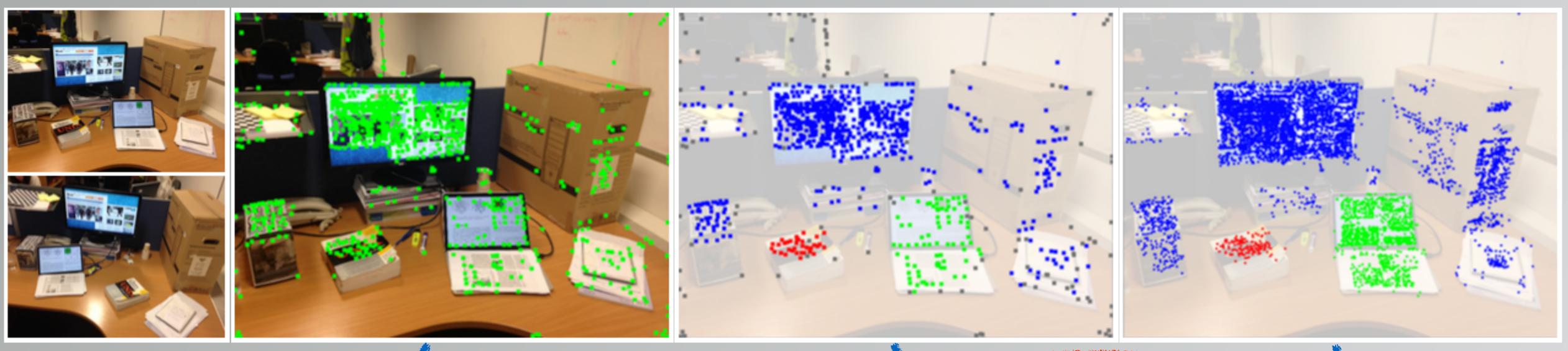


### Pre-boosting generate correspondence

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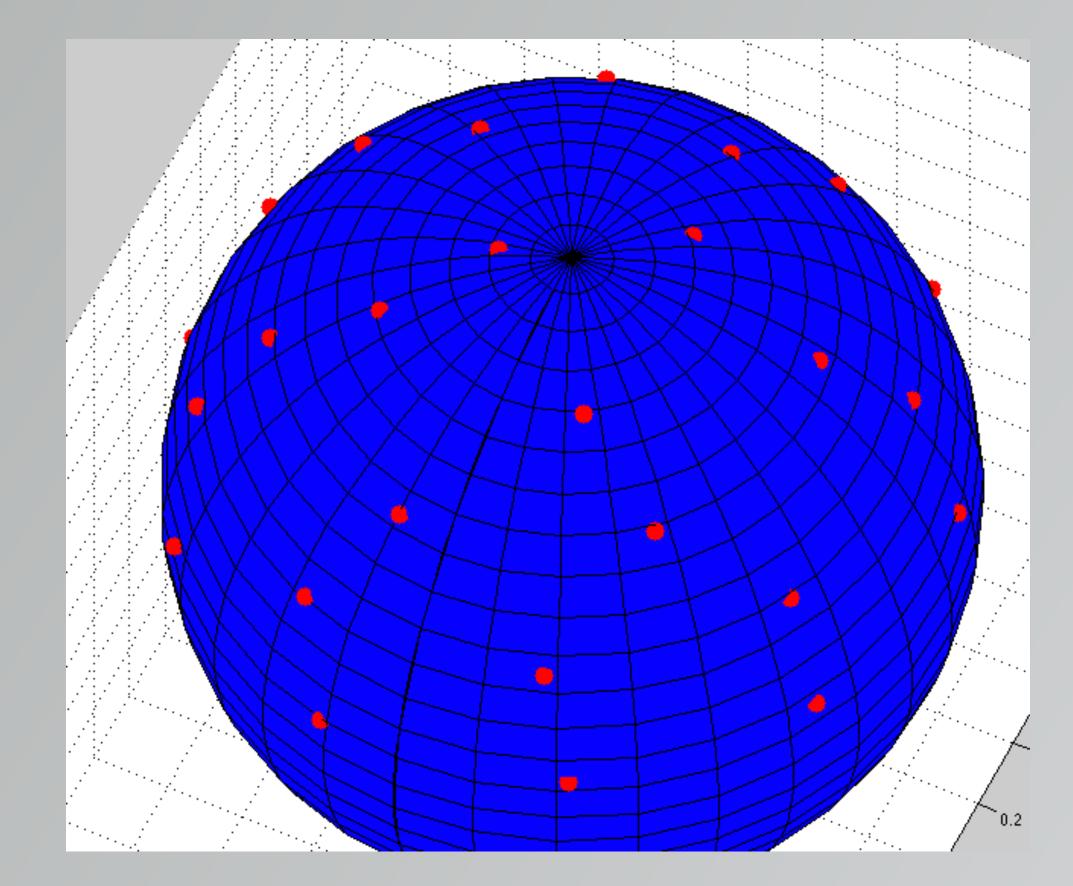
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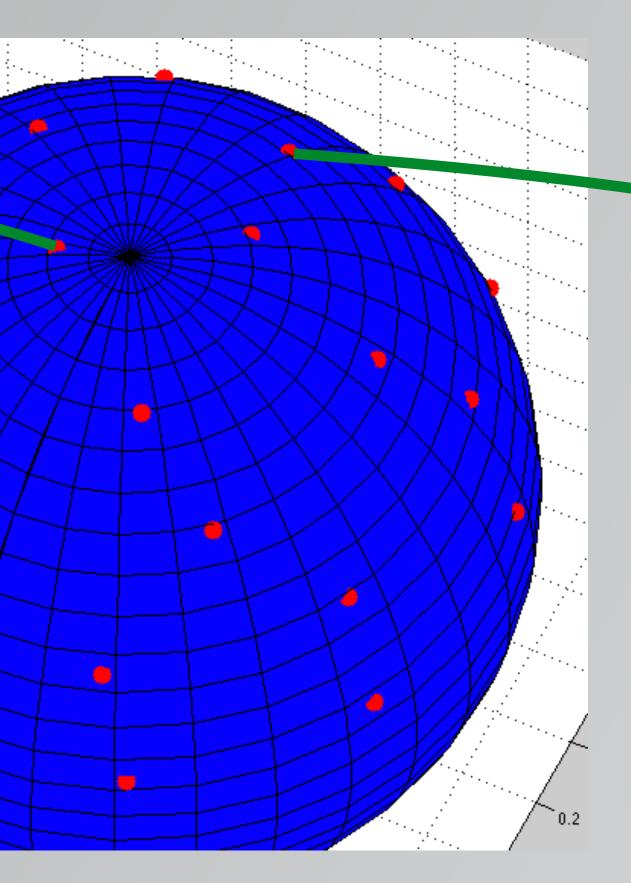


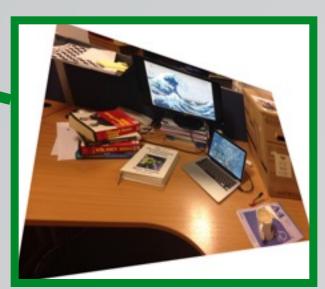
$$u_i = \arcsin\left(1 - \frac{2i - 1}{2S}\right) \quad v_i = u_i \sqrt{2\pi S}$$
$$\mathbf{n}_i = [\cos(u_i)\cos(v_i); \ \cos(u_i)\sin(v_i); \ \sin(u_i)]$$





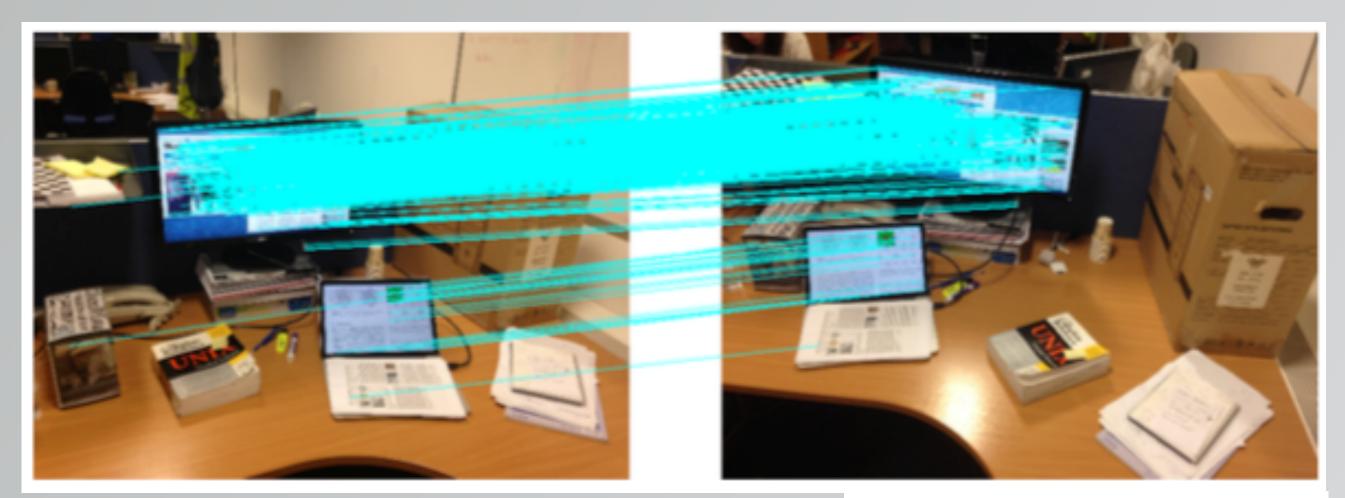
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#### **Original match**



#### **After Pre-boosting**

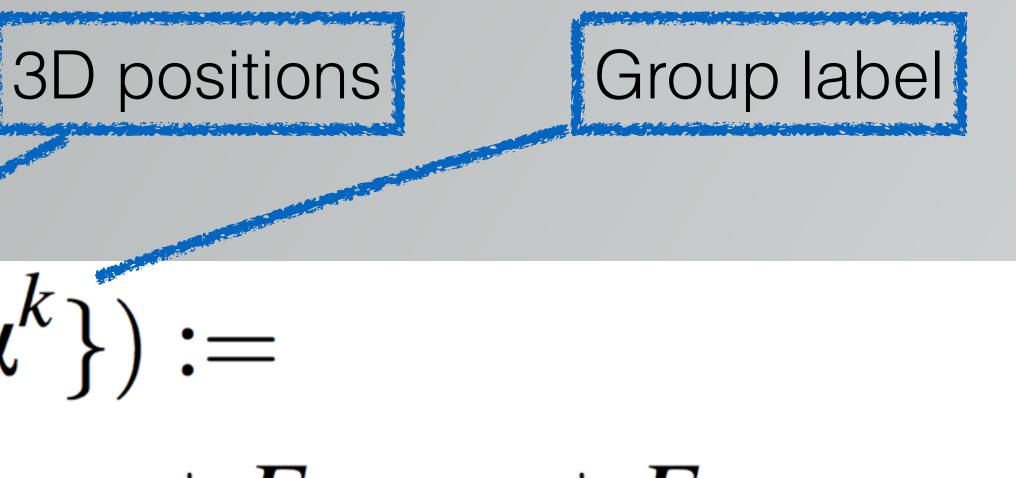




### Motion candidates Camera parameters

 $E(\{L_i\}, \{\mathbf{d}_k\}, \{\mathbf{\alpha}^k\}) :=$  $E_{data} + E_{complexity} + E_{outlier} + E_{consistency}$ 

Date term	
Complexity term	penalizes having too
Outlier term	avo
Consistency term	regularizes false p



lower reprojection error

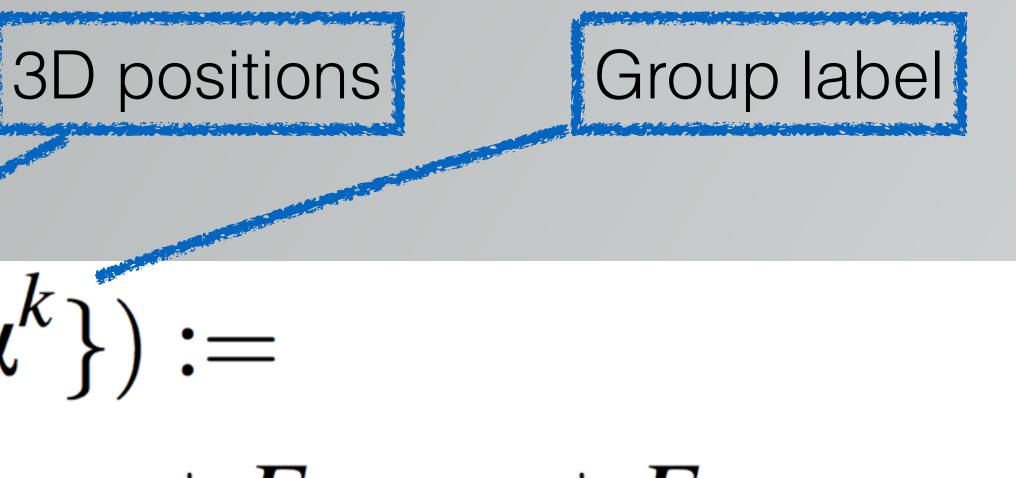
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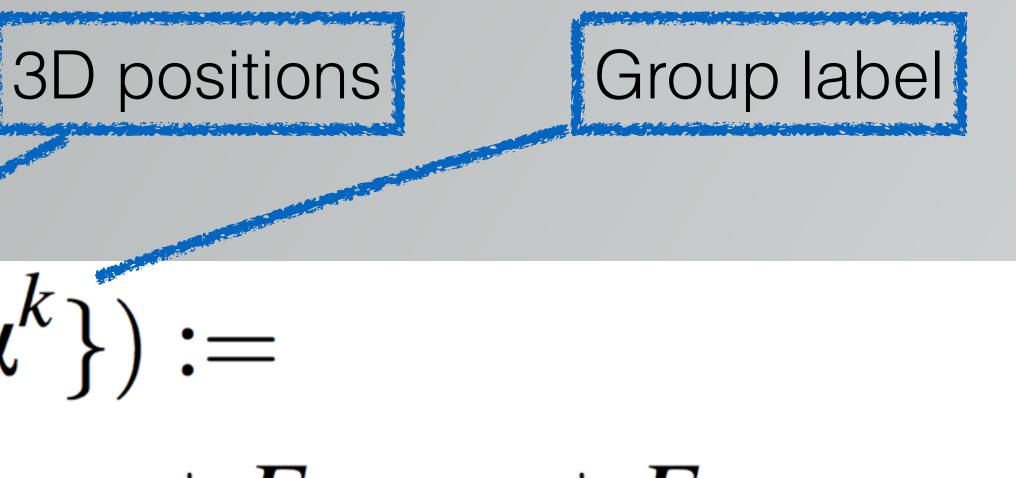
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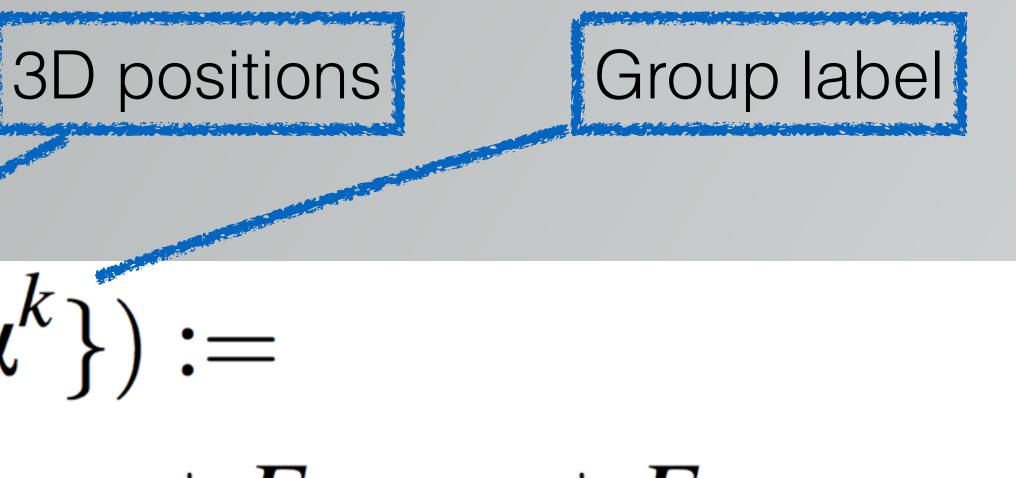
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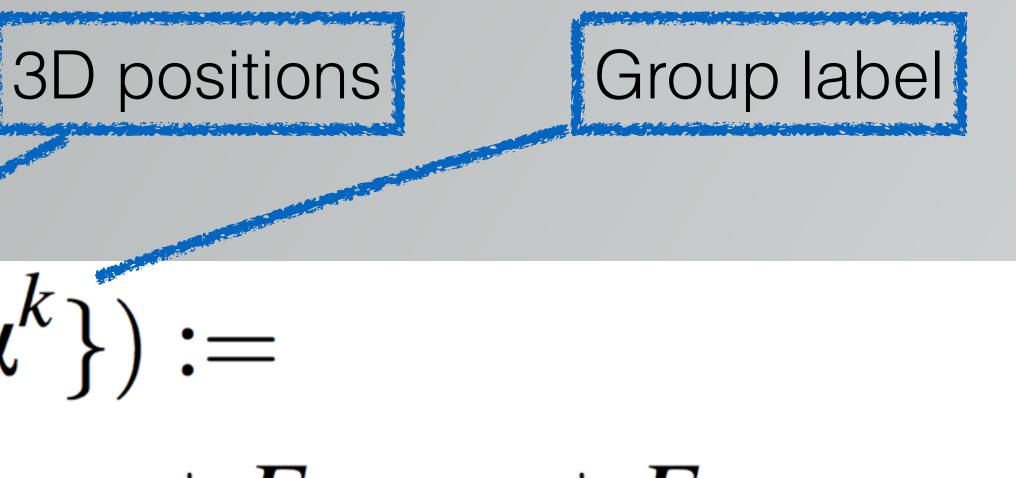
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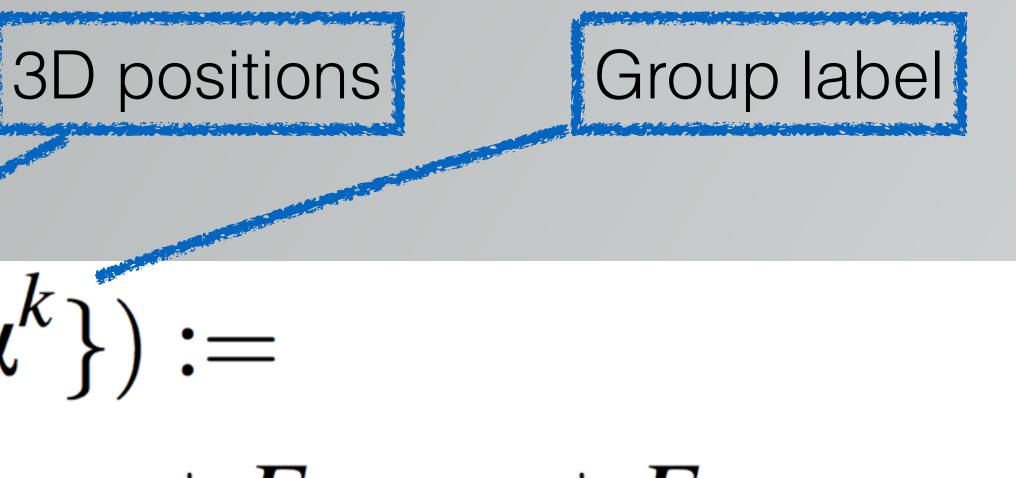
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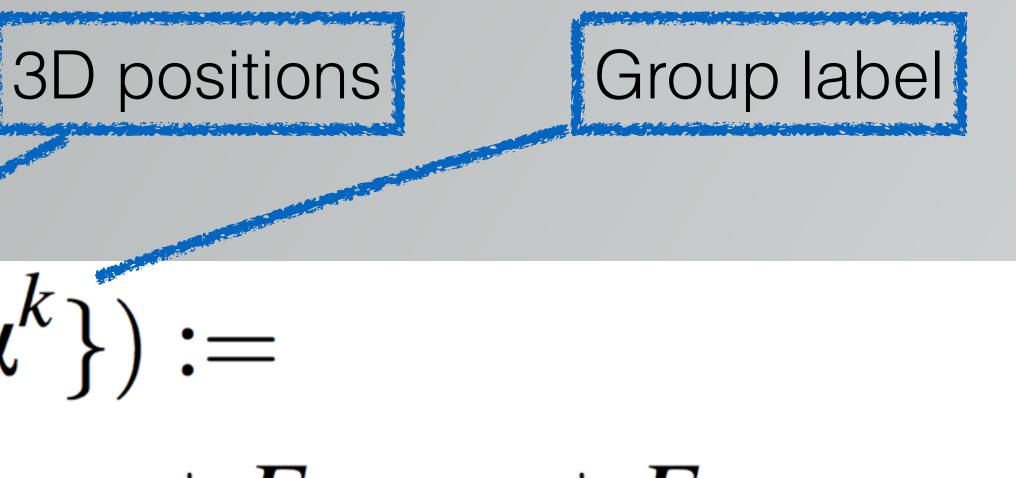
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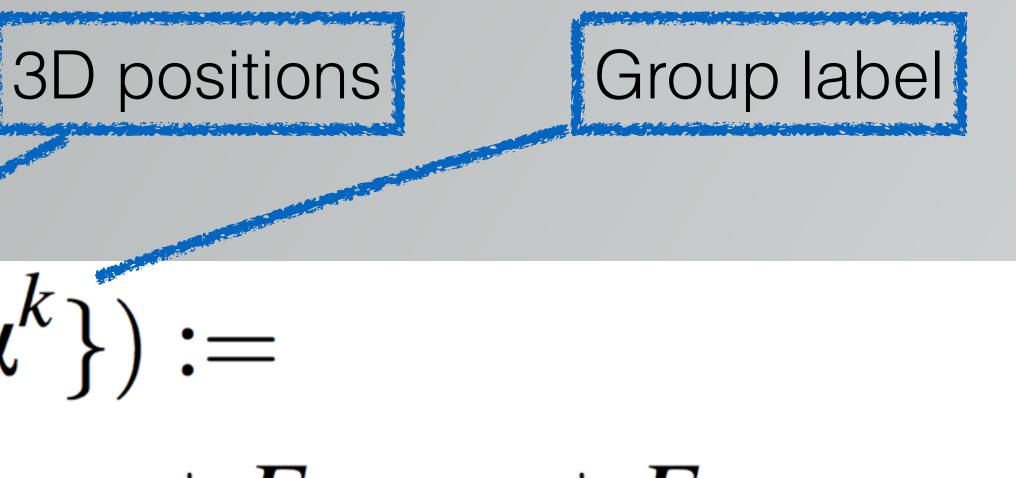
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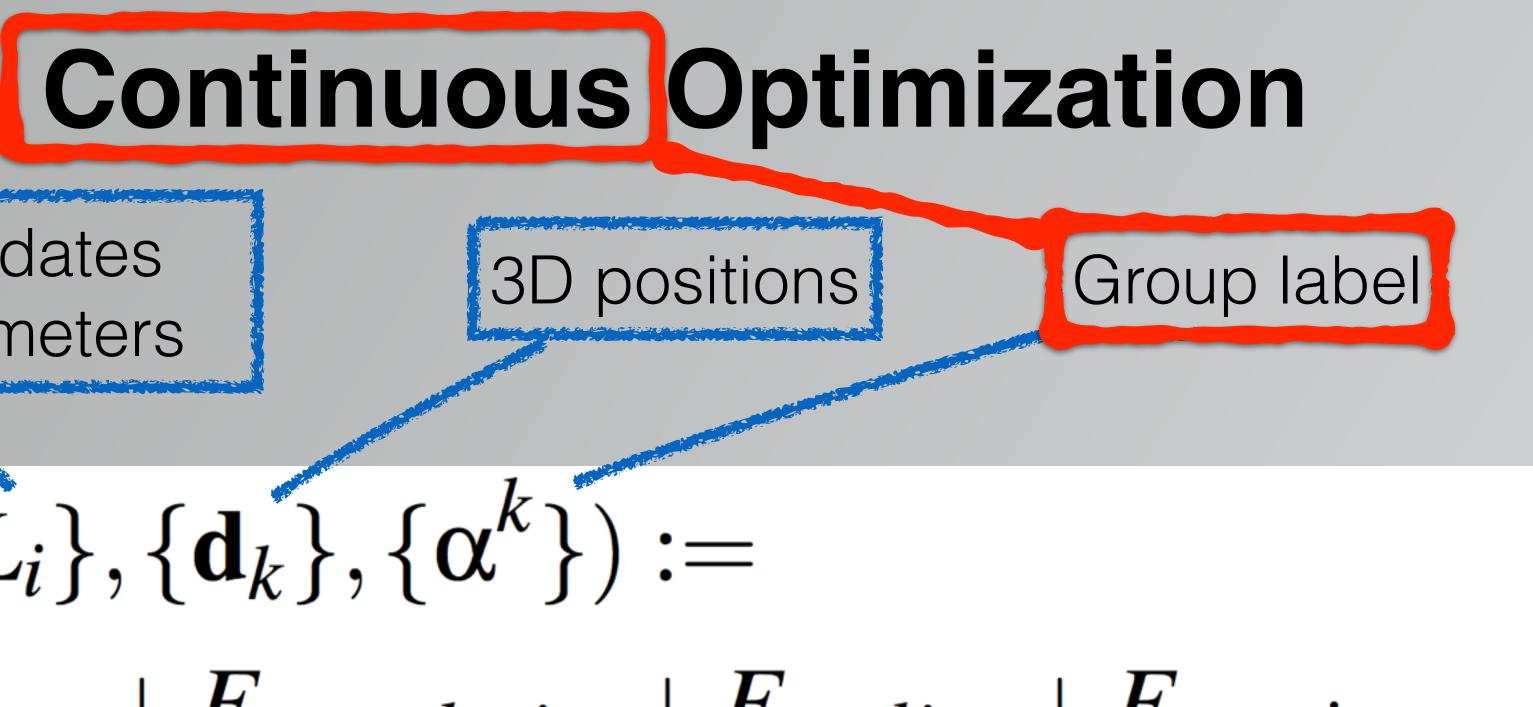
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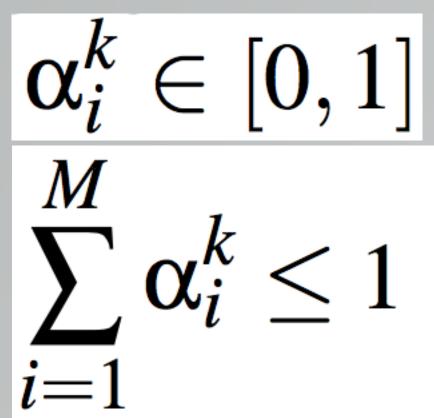
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positive matches cause by two-view ambiguity

### **Continuous Optimization**

### **Continuous Label**



 $\sum_{i=1}^{M} \alpha_i^k \le 1 \quad \forall k$ 

# **Continuous Optimization**

### **Continuous Label**

 $\alpha_i^k \in [0,1]$  $\sum_{i=1}^{M} \alpha_i^k \le 1 \quad \forall k$ 

 $E_{data}(\{L_i\},$ 

 $E_{complexity}(\mathbf{C})$ 

 $|E_{outlier}(\alpha)| =$ 

 $E_{consistency}(\mathbf{C})$ 

$$\{\mathbf{d}_k\}, \{\mathbf{\alpha}^k\}\} = \sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{i=1}^M \alpha_i^k \| \mathbf{d}_k \|_{I}$$
$$(\alpha) = \mathbf{\omega}_1 \cdot \sum_{i=1}^M \left(\sum_{k=1}^N \alpha_i^k\right)^\beta$$
$$= \mathbf{\omega}_2 \cdot \left(\sum_{k=1}^N \delta_k (1 - \sum_{i=1}^M \alpha_i^k)\right)$$
$$(\alpha) = \mathbf{\omega}_3 \cdot \sum_{(p,q) \in DN} \theta_{p,q} \| \alpha^p - \alpha$$



# Optimization initialization with Domain problem



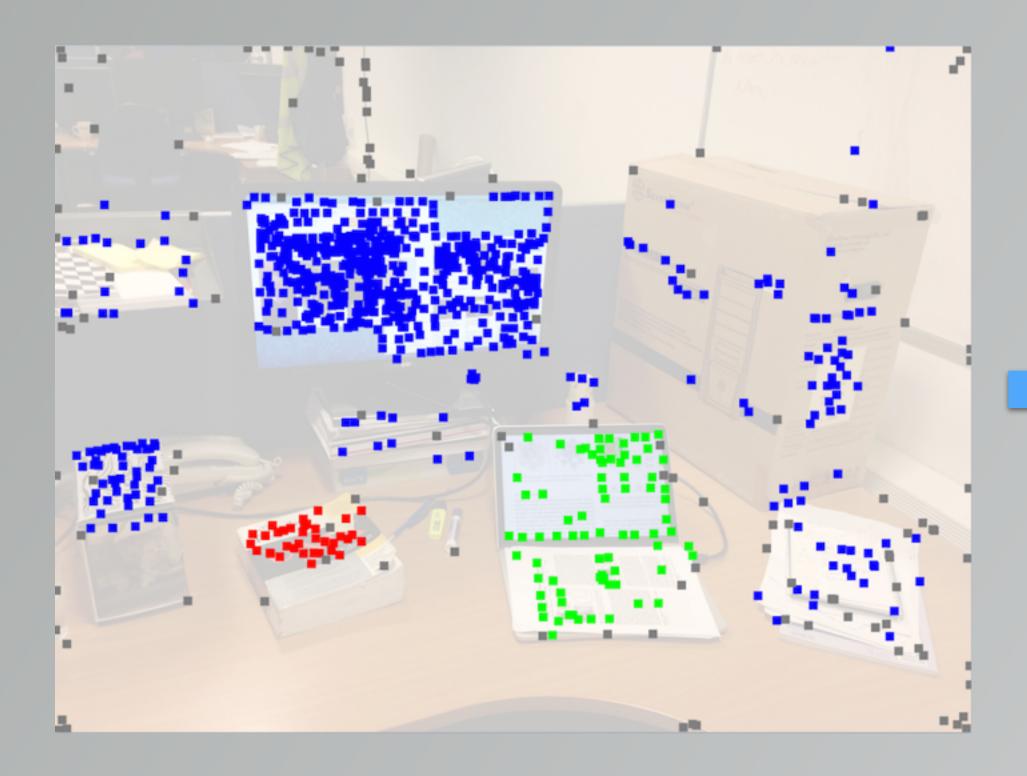
### **Optimization initialization** with **Domain problem**

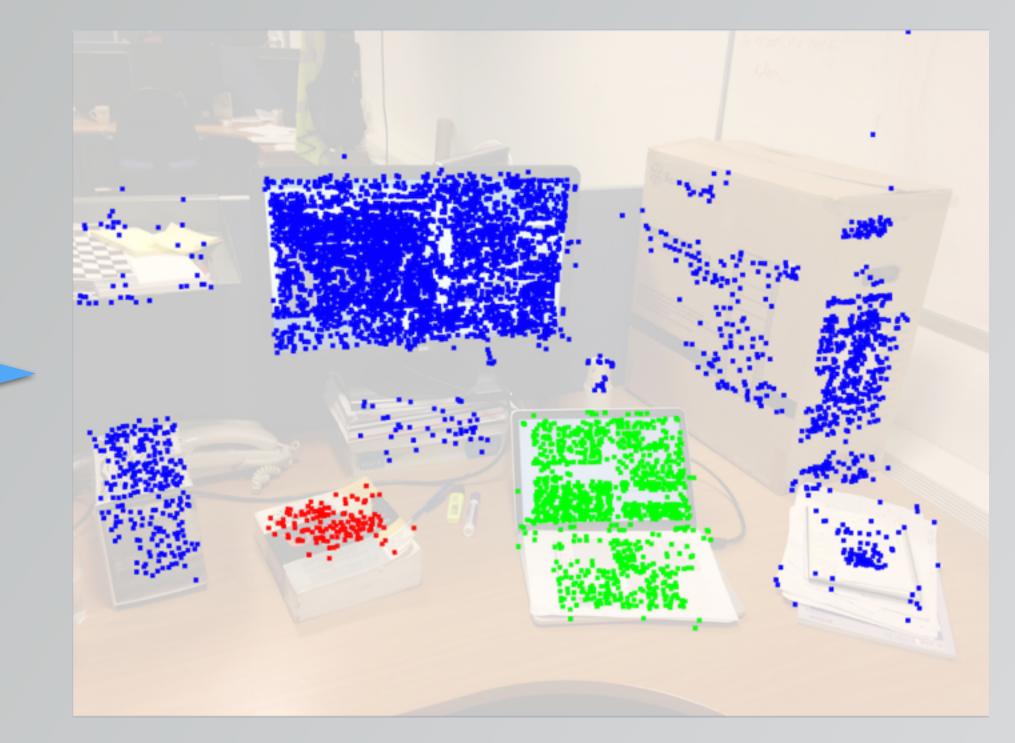




### 

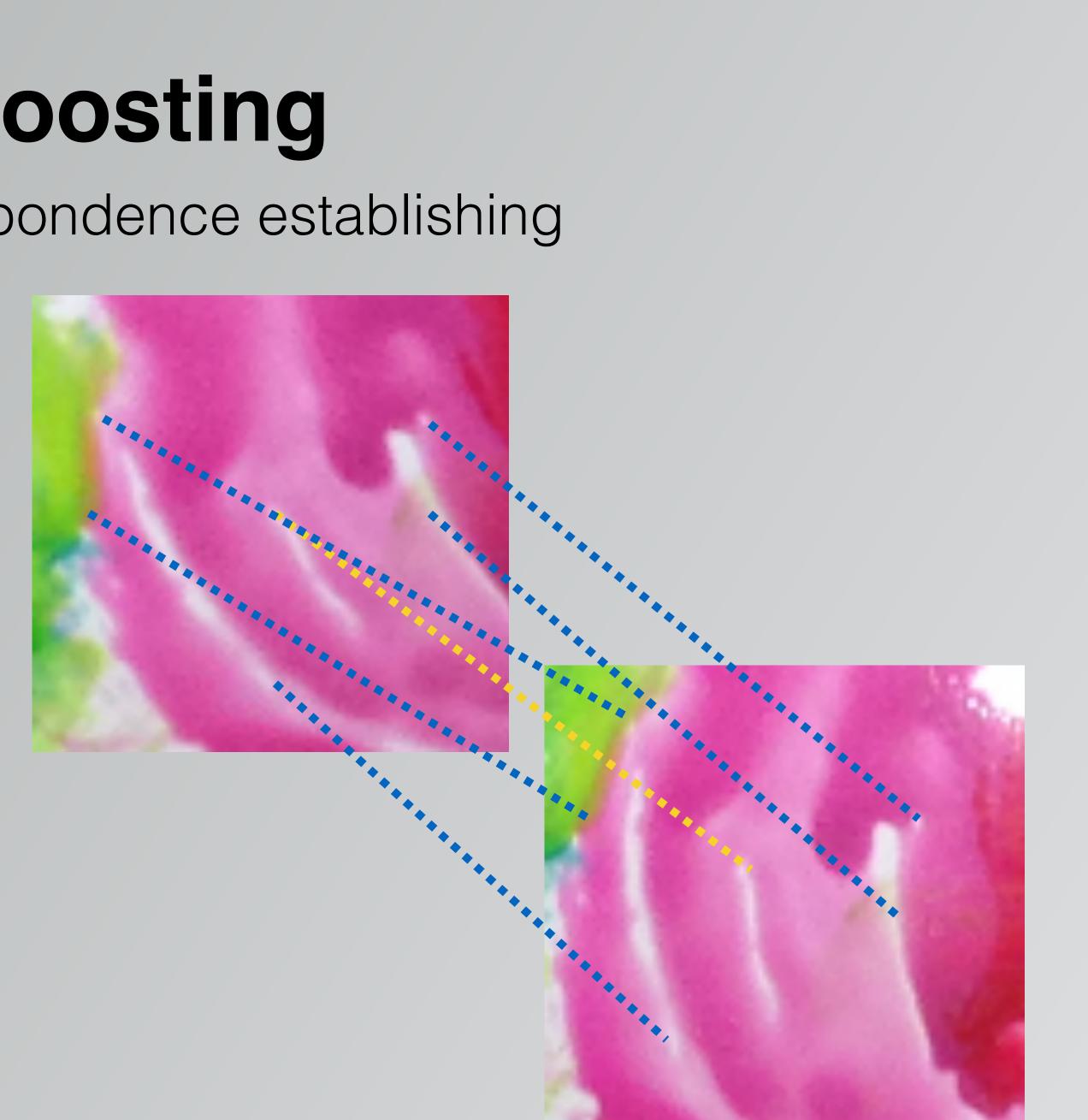
### **Post-boosting** Patch based correspondence establishing



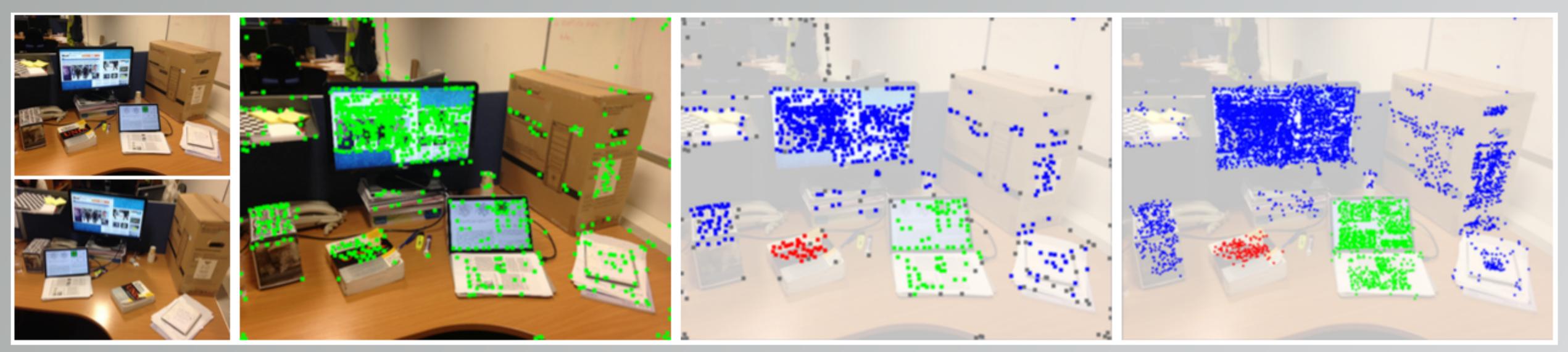


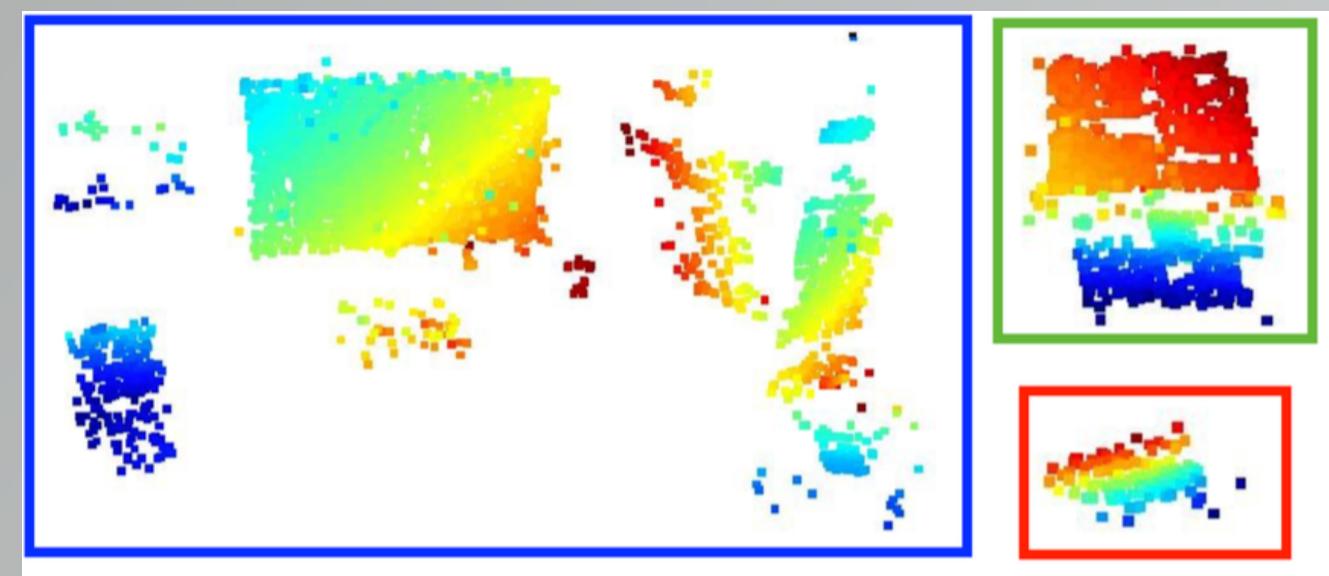
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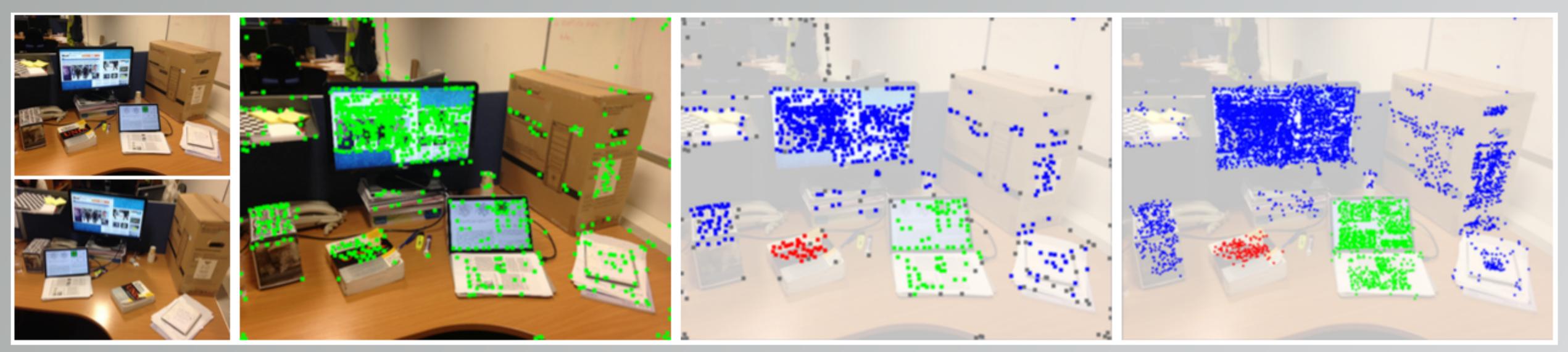
# **Dynamic SfM**

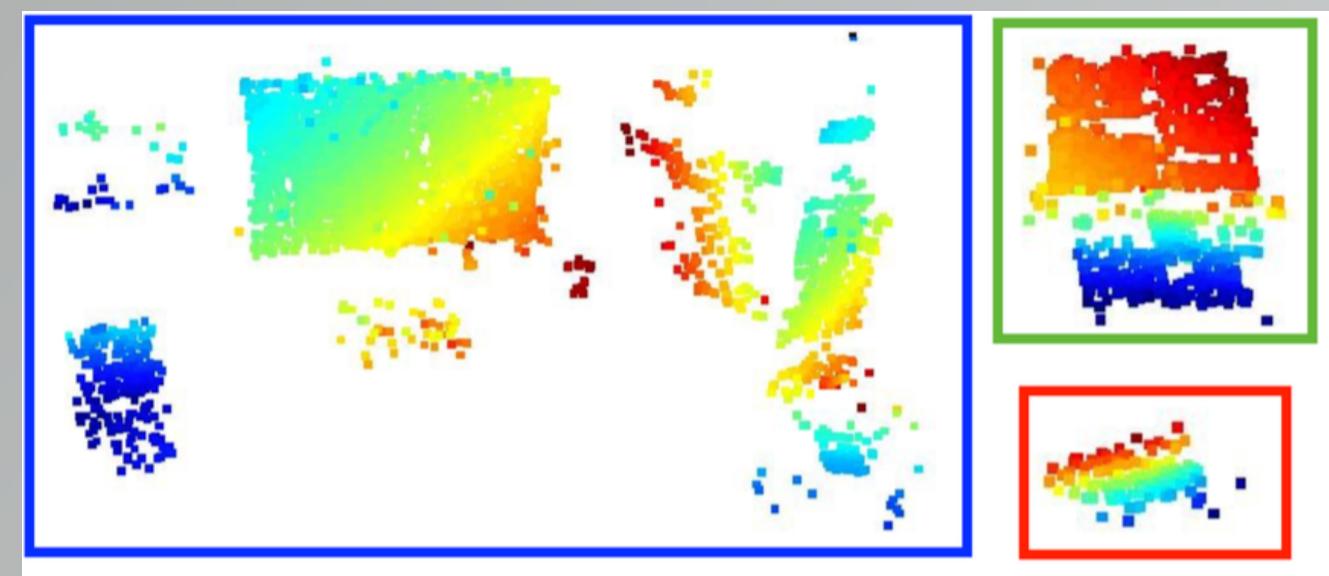






# **Dynamic SfM**















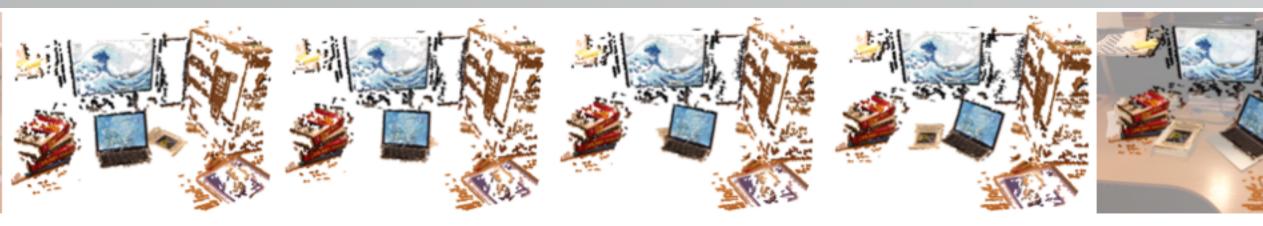


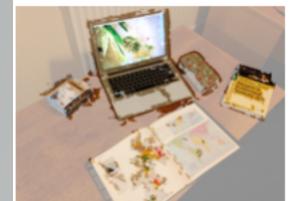


# **Application:**

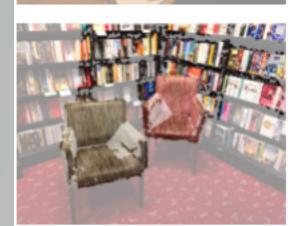
### Motion Interpolation





















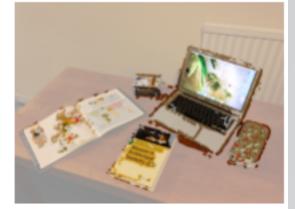


























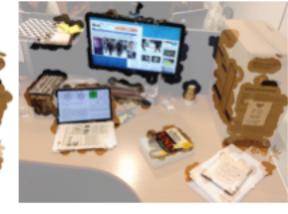




























# **Application:**

### Motion Interpolation

demo video available on project page





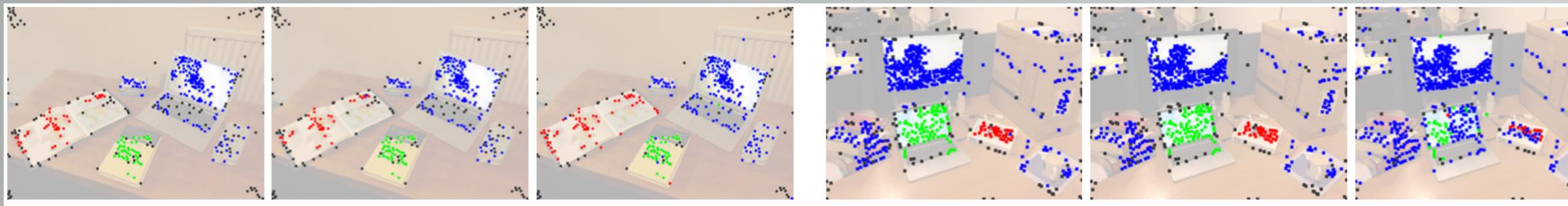
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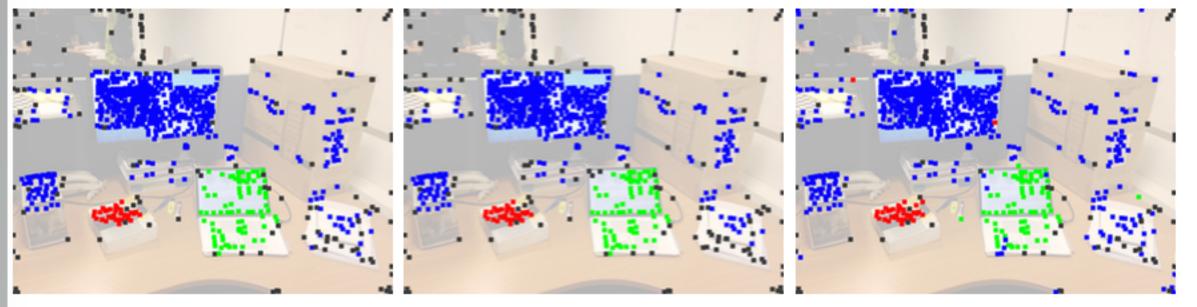
### **Comparison with PEARL**



(a) GT, 3, 467

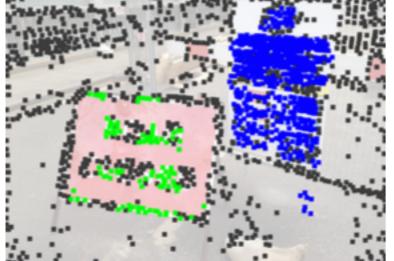
(b) Ours, 97.4%

(c) PEARL, 88.2%

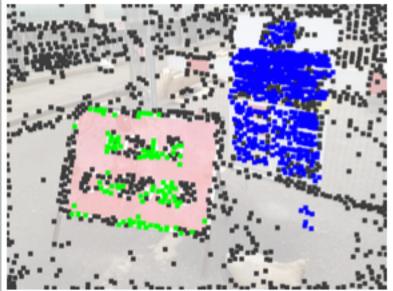


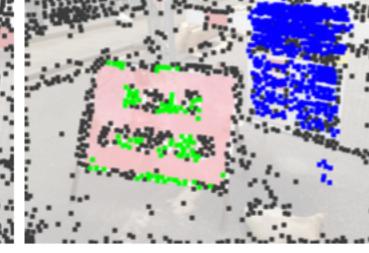
(g) GT, 3, 1046

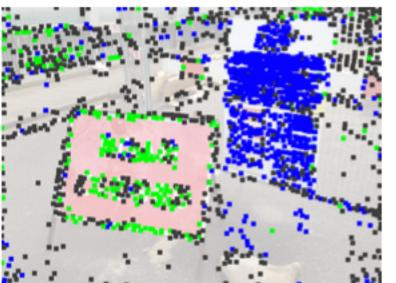
(h) Ours, 98.5%



(i) PEARL, 93.4%





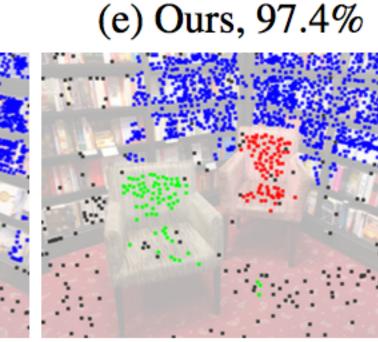


(m) GT, 2, 2283

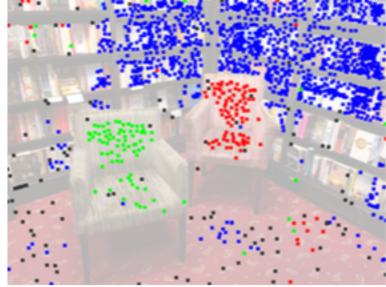
(n) Ours, 99.0%

(o) PEARL, 86.7%

(d) GT, 3, 861



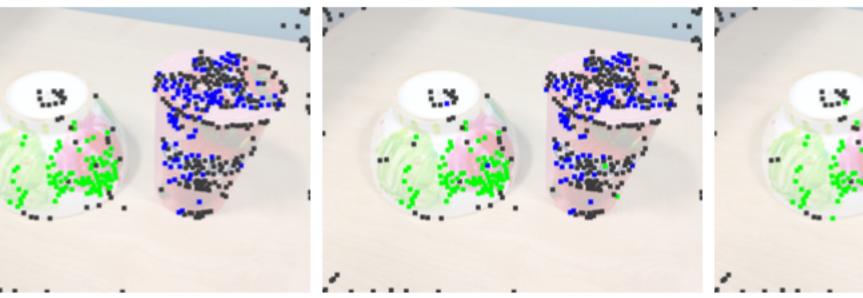
(f) PEARL, 80.7%



(j) GT, 3, 1867

(k) Ours, 99.6%

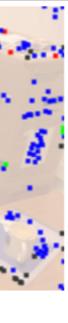
(l) PEARL, 89.1%



1 1 1

- (p) GT, 2, 497
- (q) Ours, 98.0%

(r) PEARL, 95.8%



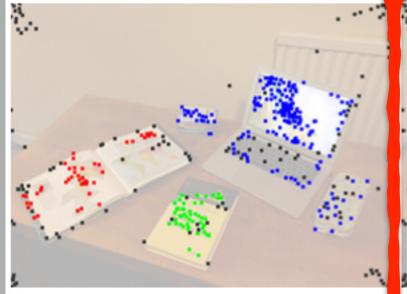


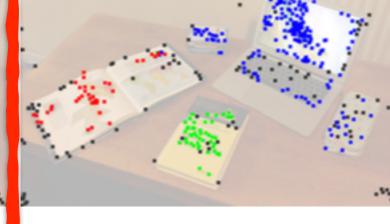






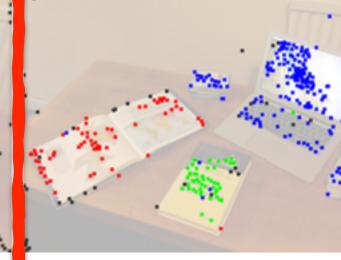
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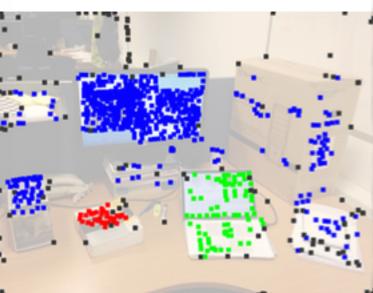


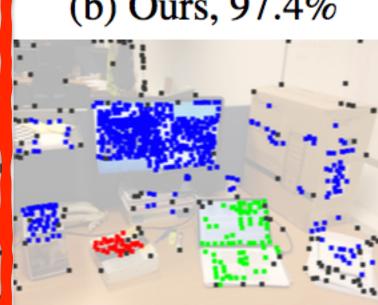


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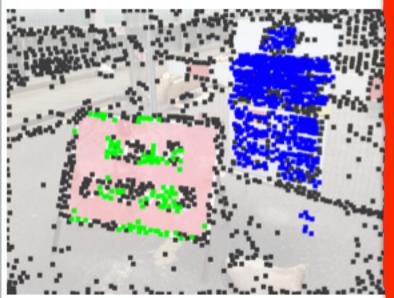
(b) Ours, 97.4%



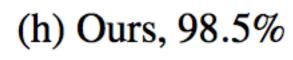


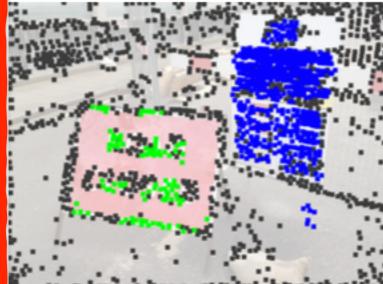


#### (g) GT, 3, 1046



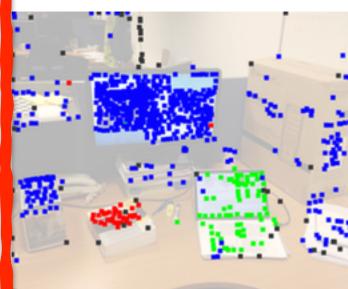
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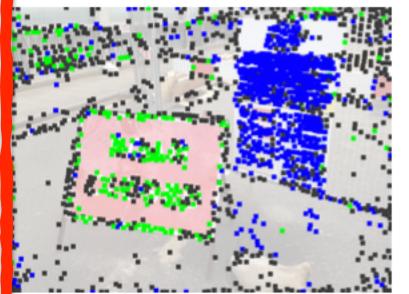


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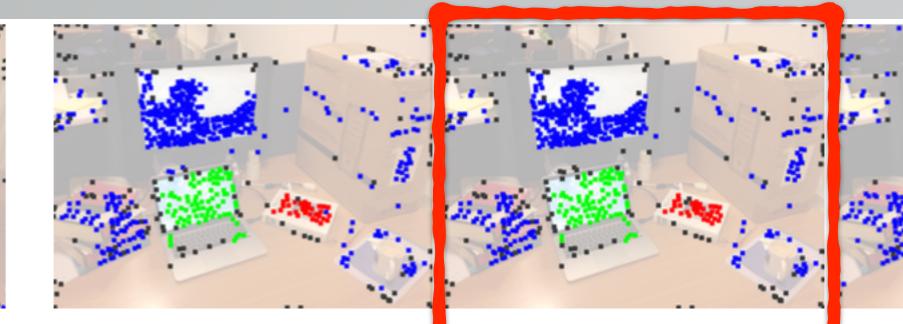


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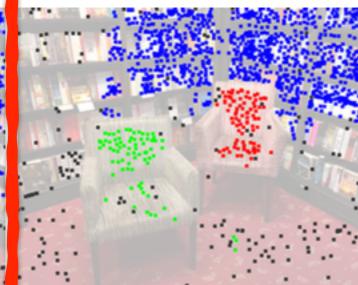


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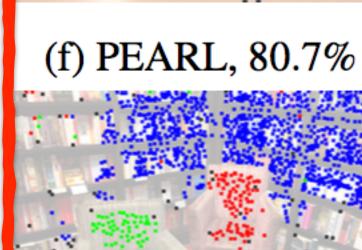


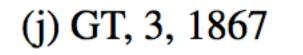


(d) GT, 3, 861

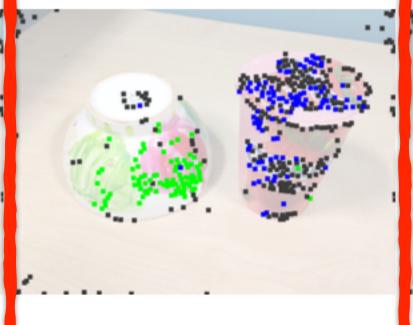


(e) Ours, 97.4%





(k) Ours, 99.6%



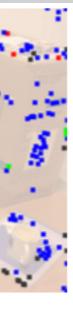
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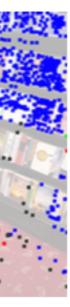


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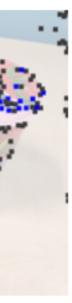
1. 1. 2.



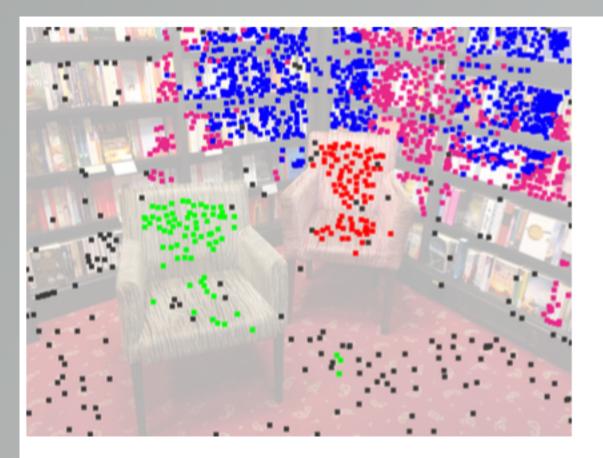


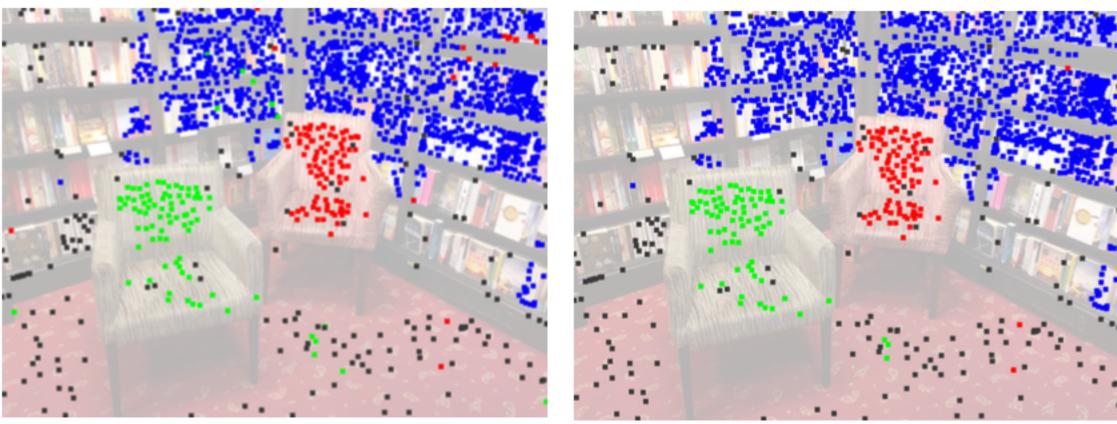






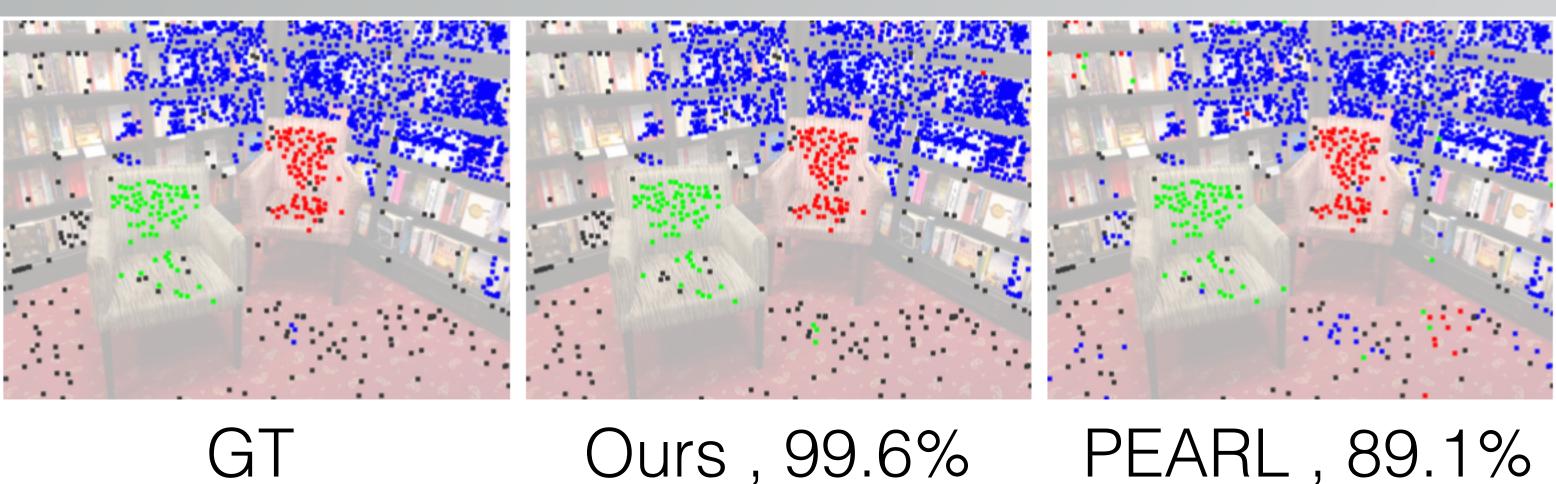




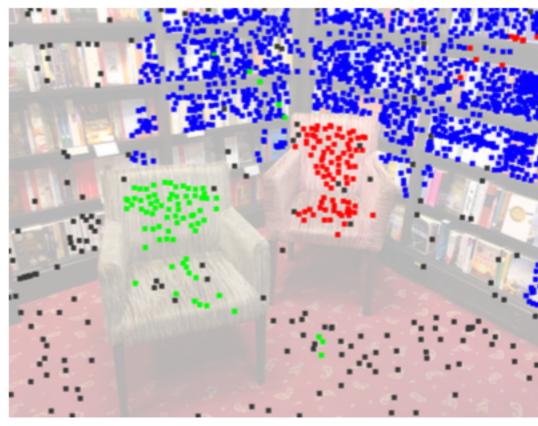


are generated.

(a) no complexity term, 4 groups (b) uniform outlier penalty (c) uniform outlier penalty, cor-(d) no consistency term, correctwithout consistency, correctness rectness ratio 98.8% ness ratio 98.3% 97.4%

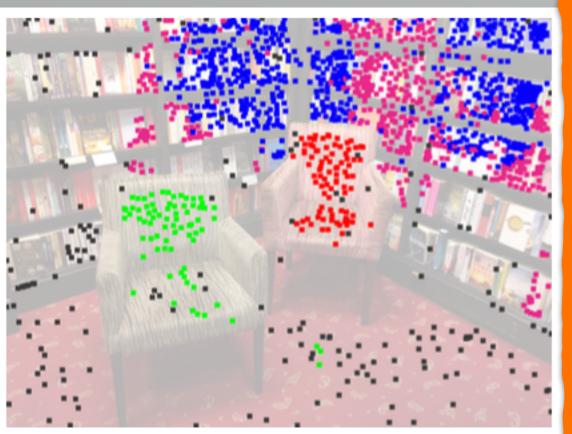


### **Effect of Terms**

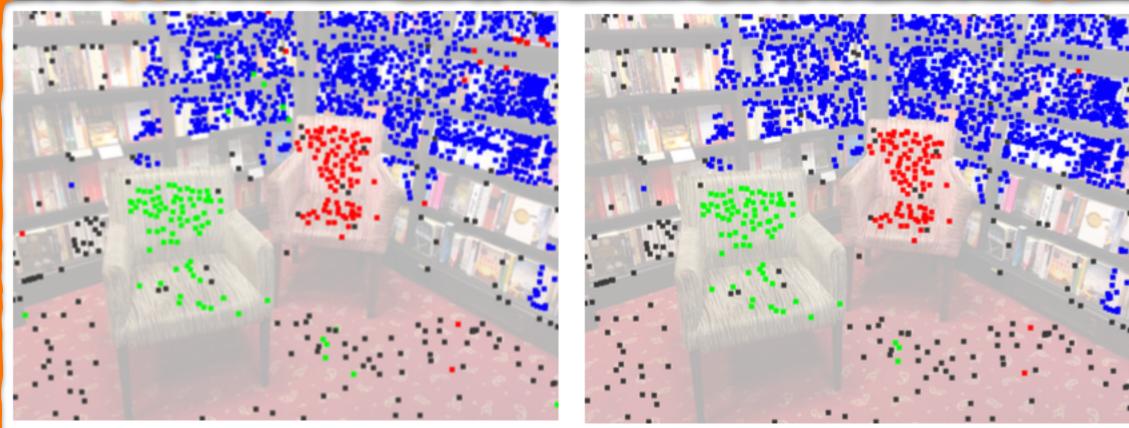


Ours, 99.6% PEARL, 89.1%

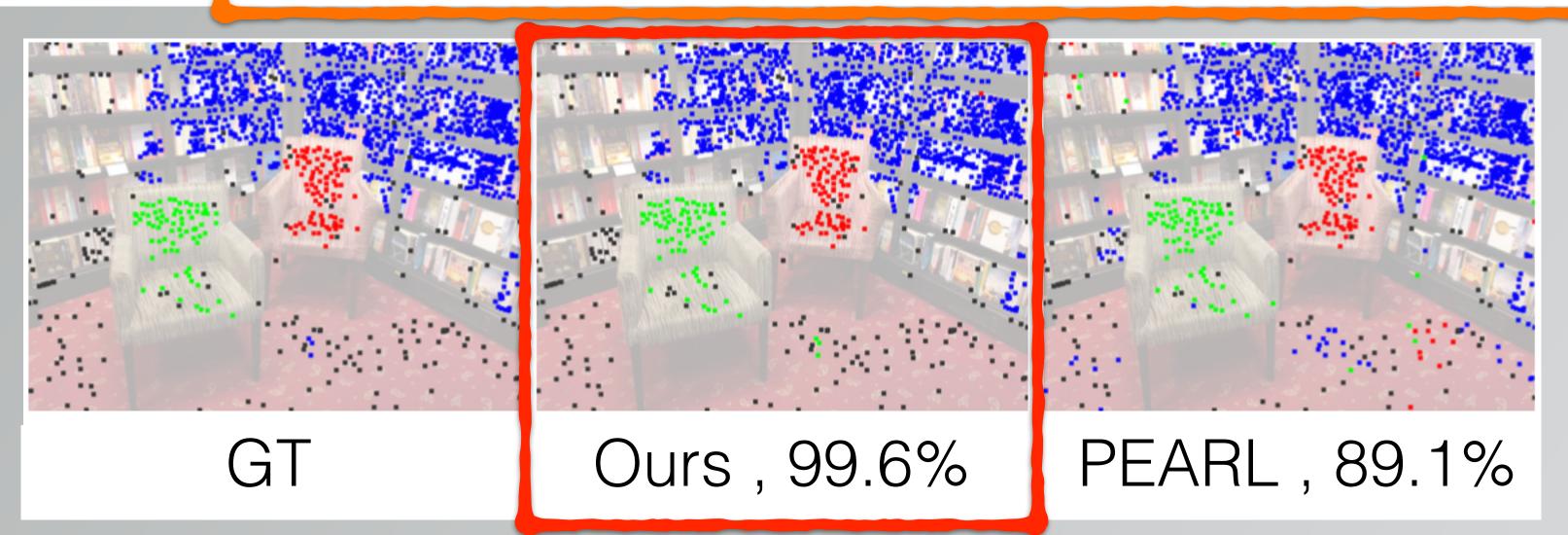




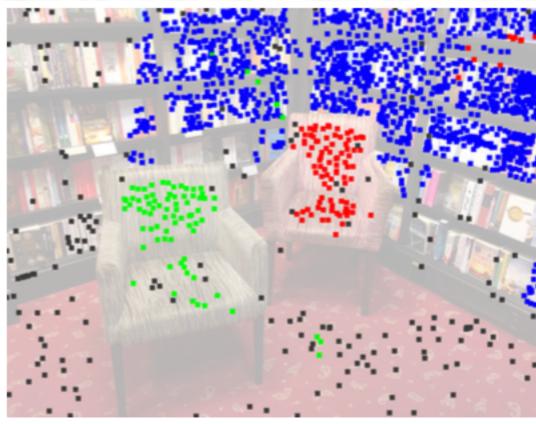
are generated.



(a) no complexity term, 4 groups (b) uniform outlier penalty (c) uniform outlier penalty, cor-(d) no consistency term, correctwithout consistency, correctness rectness ratio 98.8% ness ratio 98.3% 97.4%



### **Effect of Terms**





### Limitations

### Limitations

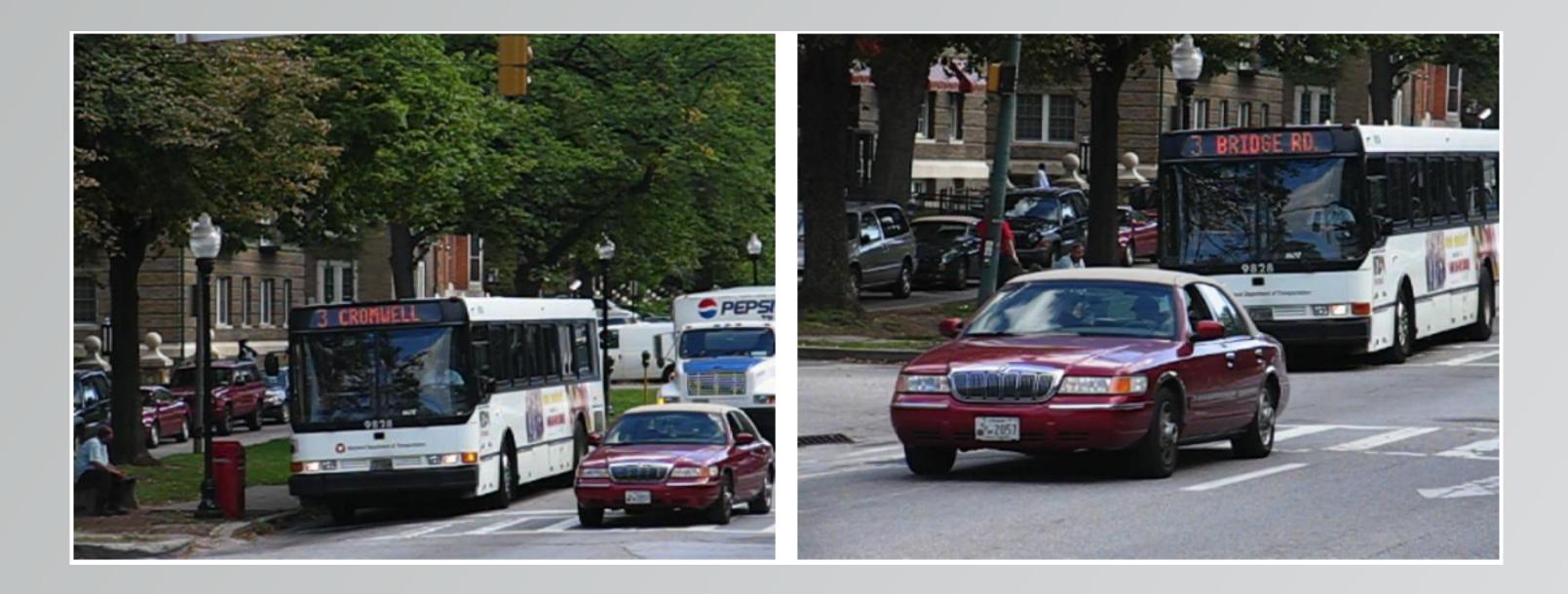


#### lack of texture

### Limitations



#### lack of texture



#### small change of perspective

### Conclusion

### **Dynamic SfM**

- pair of input images
- pre-boosting and post-boosting of correspondence

#### simultaneously recover both structure and motion of each part from a

### Conclusion

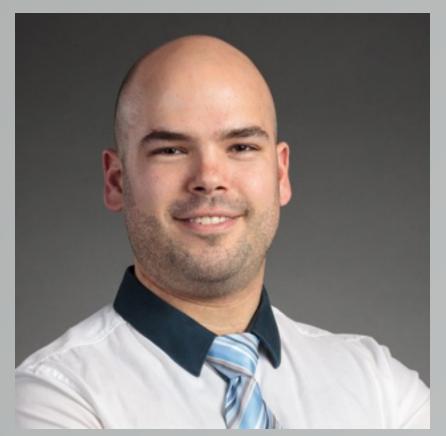
### **Dynamic SfM**

- pair of input images
- pre-boosting and post-boosting of correspondence
- **Future work** 
  - prior knowledge of the structure
  - towards real time performance
  - multi-view input

#### simultaneously recover both structure and motion of each part from a

### Acknowledgement

### Invaluable comments, support and discussions from Aron Monszpart and Duygu Ceylan and Christopher Russell.





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### Microsoft® Research

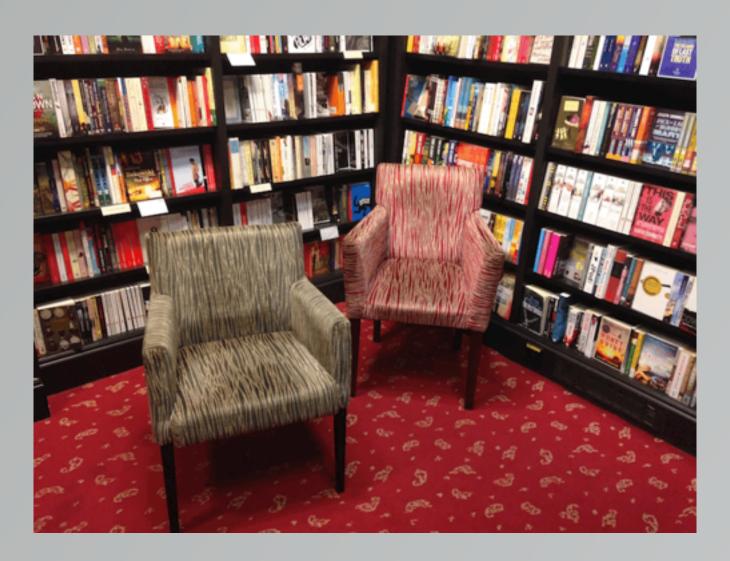




# Thank you for your attention

• webpage (code+data)

http://geometry.cs.ucl.ac.uk/projects/2015/dynamicSfM/









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